The Centre Reporter.

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LOSSES OCCASIONED BY FOREST FIRES.

Local State Forester, In Second Article, Asks Co-operation in Preventing Big Annual Loss.

In 1897, by an act of legislature, the State was authorized to purchase land and set it apart for forestry purposes. In April, 1915, the total amount acquired was 1,001 556 acres, at a purchase price of $2 283,029 15 or an average of $2.27 per acre. These State Forests are large tracts of land located mainly in the mountainous sections of Pennsylvania, some of which are well timbered, some not, set apart to insure a perpetual supply of timber for home industries, to prevent destruction of the forest cover which controls and regulates stream flow, to promote health, to propagate game and fish to afford recreation places for the public, add to the scenic beauty of the country and to insure prosperity to our state. They are open to the public at all times for all lawful purposes subjected to a few simple rules and regulations.

At this time of the year the Department of Forestry wishes to call your attention to the seriousness of forest fires that menace these tracts and others and to ask your help in co-operating with them in putting down this evil. The State Forests are now organized and under a definite system of forest management and are yielding a fair rate of interest on the money invested in them. However to render their best service they must at all times be well protected, especially against fires, for without adequate protection no investment is secure and the management amounts to nothing. The risk from fires can never be entirely eliminated for in the forest there is always inflammable material present, the risk however can be minimized and the damage kept down to a very small amount.

The effects of forest fires are many and often but little understood much less noticed. The loss not only includes the material burned in the fire but that which follows in later years through decay and deterioration of the trees which were not actually destroyed at the time. A fire unlike any other agent of destruction takes everything in its path, young and old, sound and diseased, and not stopping at that point destroy the very vitality of the forest, its food, the soil. After a forest has been removed by lumbering it can usually be re-established in 50 to 75 years or less depending upon the condition in which it has been left, but change or destroy the chemical and physical characteristics of the soil and the time is increased ten fold beside opening the way for erosion, floods, droughts and desolation. The damage done to the soil by fires and its subsequent effect upon the water supply of a state or country is, aside from the monetary loss occasioned, the most important of all indirect losses. The forest floor with its accumulation of leaves, leaf mould, humus, etc, acts as a great sponge, absorbing the rainfall and melting snows and giving the water up gradually to the ground beneath. When by fire the forest floor cover is removed and the many little roots that hold and bind the soil particles together are destroyed, the mineral earth is exposed, which is usually hard and impervious, and the rainfall has little or no chance to be held and absorbed. It runs down the slope in little rivulets wearing away the soil and gathering up particles of it as it rushes along to join the mountain streams which are the source of all the large rivers. The streams are increased beyond their capacity, overflow their banks and deposite a sediment of sand and gravel upon the fertile farms adjoining their banks. Then a drought occurs, the brooks and springs not having the forest reservoir to call upon dry up the larger streams and rivers not having the smaller ones to supply them reach low water, the mills and water power companies depending upon the rivers for power are forced to close and the army of unemployed is increased Thus we have alternating floods and droughts and the mountain side may become so badly washed and eroded that it is incapable of supporting tree growth.

Other indirect losses due to forest fires which are never noticed and never considered are: the injury caused to standing trees by fire scars and wounds affording entrance places for fungi and insects that annually in the United States cause a loss of several millions of dollars by decay; causing pitch pockets in conifers that reduces the grade and value of the lumber; causing a decrease in growth a destruction of uniformity and a change in composition of the forest; the destruction of seeds, seedlings and young growth on the area necessitating planting; the disturbing influences on climate and local temperature and the destruction of the scenic beauty of wooded hills and mountains.

Aside from the above losses the actual loss in money and lives is appalling. Since 1870 in the United States the annual loss by forest fires is 50 lives, $50,000,000 and 50,000,000 acres burned over. In Pennsylvania the average annual loss is $5000,000 over 10,000,000 board feet of timber destroyed and 168,836 acres burned over. In five years the average annual cost of extinguishment has been $32,500; each county must pay one fifth of the expenses incurred by the State in extinguishing fires that occur in that county. Money saved from forest fires flows back to the people in the form of increased business activity, increased wages and increased prosperity. Over 5,000,000 acres of land in the state are being kept non-productive by forest fires. Such land is capable of producing from 200 to 500 board feet of lumber per acre per year or a total of 1,000,000,000 board feet. Taking an average of $20.00 per thousand as the cost of cutting and working this material up into the finished product there is a direct loss of $20,000,000 in wages.

It is a matter of great importance that we should earnestly endeavor to **reach a solution of this vital problem** at an early date.

Forest fires can be prevented at a small cost when compared to the value of the timber destroyed. Examine the following table and see if this season with everybody's co-operation we can not reduce the acreage and loss.

PENNSYLVANIA FOREST FIRES.

Date	Area Burned	Damage
1879	97,000 acres	$ 760,000
1880	685,738 "	3,043,723
1895	417,000 "	2,400,000
1896	178,982 "	557,056
1897	191,029 "	394,827
1898	22,854 "	53,345
1899	214,061 "	406,581
1900	266,027 "	884,203
1901	73,005 "	238,374
1902	158,572 "	620,578
1903	64,186 "	241 240
1904	63,211 "	135,873
1905	18,642 "	63,915
1906	44,495 "	70,970
1907	19,389 "	73,623
1908	398,855 "	688,980
1909	82,152 "	176,885
1910	129,701 "	422,197
1911	171,620 "	633,278
1912	39,810 "	101,435
1913	470,738 "	761,590
1914	352,394 "	663,638
22 years	$4,159,460 acres	$13,340,906

These figures are not absolutely accurate but are close approximations.

LEONARD G. BARNES,
State Forester.

JURORS FOR MAY COURT.

Court Convenes Third Monday in May.—List of Grand and Traverse Jurors.

May court opens Monday, May 17th and continues two weeks. The jurors, grand and traverse, are appended:

GRAND JURORS.

H. R. Auman, laborer, Millheim
John R. Barr, carpenter, Ferguson
John Deitrich, plasterer, Bellefonte
John Edwards, merchant, Philipsburg
M. S. Feidler, gentleman, Millheim
R. G. Goheen, butcher, Ferguson
L. E. Gearhart, carpenter, Philipsburg
John Grove, farmer, College
L. N. Horn, minister, State College
Elmer Johnson, laborer, Rush
L. M. Kelley, foreman, Snow Shoe
William Loder, laborer, Howard
J. W. Mayes, marble dealer, Howard
Thomas Morgan, janitor, Bellefonte
Ogden B. Malin, clerk, Bellefonte
Howard McCloskey, miner, Snow Shoe twp.
Lester McClellan, clerk, Bellefonte
James H. Rine, carpenter, Bellefonte
Perry Resides, butcher, State College
J. O. Reed, merchant, Philipsburg
D. R. Thomas, farmer, Half Moon
Geo. J. Weaver, laborer, Haines
Geo. C. Woomer, laborer, Philipsburg
Roy Witmer, laborer, Bellefonte

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

Russell Ayers, merchant, Philipsburg
Joseph W. Beezer, butcher, Bellefonte
Frank Beezer, farmer, Spring
D. H. Bartley, laborer, Bellefonte
F. P Blair, jeweler, Bellefonte
John Conley, foreman, Bellefonte
Wm H. Cummings, farmer, Potter
H. J. Cohn, clerk, Bellefonte
Chester Gearhart, carpenter, Rush
H. H. Houser, farmer, Harris
Thomas M. Huey, farmer, Patton
John Hurst, agent, Philipsburg
Clay Hall, operater, Rush
George W. Hazel, laborer, Miles
Thomas Hazel, engineer, Spring
W. H. Jones, gentleman, Philipsburg
John Jacobs, farmer, Curtin
Wm. Kerrin, farmer, Snow Shoe twp.
Frank Krebs, farmer, Ferguson
Charles A. Krape, merchant, Gregg
John A. Maize, gentleman, Snow Shoe twp.
George Miller, farmer, Spring
H. A Moore, druggist, Howard
Miles Mechtley, farmer, Benner
Charles M Miller, farmer, Miles
George Mallory, blacksmith, Bellefonte
Charles McClenahan, laborer, Centre Hall
Henry McWilliams, farmer, Ferguson
Harvey Nearhoof, farmer, Half Moon
C. B. Neff, farmer, Potter
I. M. Orndorf, farmer, Haines
J. R. Pheasant, gentleman, Howard twp
Robert Roan, mechanic, Bellefonte
H. C. Rothrock, teacher, Harris
Christ Reese, machinist, Philipsburg
George Rhule, salesman, Philipsburg
Floyd Sanderson, farmer, Union
Thomas B. Shope, laborer, Milesburg
Albert Schenck, farmer, Liberty
J. L. Tressler, farmer, Harris
Merril Weaver, farmer, Spring
William Weber, merchant, Howard
James H. Weaver, farmer, Boggs
J. W. Winkleblech, farmer, Haines
W. F. Way, farmer, Half Moon
Orvis Yarnell, laborer, Walker
Israel Young, merchant, Harris
Wm. Zimmerman, painter, Walker

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

W. J. Beezer, butcher, Bellefonte
Fred Booth, manager, Philipsburg
S. C. Bathgate, farmer, College
A. Bergner, merchant, Liberty
J. B. Crawford, farmer, Walker
Emanuel Eisenhuth, farmer, Penn
George N. Fisher, salesman, Harris
Lucian Fulton, laborer, Milesburg
Adward Green, miller, Howard
William E. Garner, blacksmith, Ferguson
Wesley Goss, merchant, Rush
William Glenn, farmer, Ferguson
Henry Gingerich, farmer, Harris
P. L. Gulich, clerk, Philipsburg
Edw. Hepburn, contractor, Bellefonte
W. S. Heath, operator, Rush
R. A. Haag, baker, Bellefonte
George Hartsock, salesman, Philipsburg
Fred Humphrey, laborer, Philipsburg
Jacob Keller, justice, Ferguson
John A. Lucas, farmer, Boggs
Daniel Moore, laborer, Rush
Jacob McCloskey, laborer, Curtin
W. H. Ott, carpenter, Bellefonte
W. E. Smith, clerk, State College
Creighton Showalter, gentleman, Philipsburg
Bruce Stover, salesman, Millheim
Peter Stout, laborer, S. Philipsburg
Peter Smith, farmer, Potter
Musser Sones laborer, Huston
Hamilton Smith, painter, State College
Jacob Shirk, laborer, Bellefonte
Clay Shope, laborer Milesburg
W. C. Thompson, farmer, Howard twp.
John Walters, mechanic, Philipsburg
D. W. Woodring, agent, Bellefonte
Aquilla Williams, farmer, Worth
Jacob Williams, farmer, Worth
F. H. Yocum, laborer, Walker
N. H. Yearick, merchant, Marion

LETTER FROM DR. BITNER.

In Passing Through Maryland on Way to South He Sees Where the Pennsylvania Farmer Excels.

Editor Reporter:

Fine weather has been attendant upon us, from Centre Hall to Washington, D. C. The change from apparent winter to spring was noticeble as we approached Washington. Here the magnolias are in full bloom; so are the dogwood and jasmine.

The contrast between Pennsylvania and the south is no where better shown than in the housing of farm animals and machinery. There are no barns in Maryland—only stables. The comforts of the home farm buildings are wanting here. The Pennsylvania farmer has no superior, as is shown by the neatness of the surroundings of his home, and the care he exercises over his farm animals. The soil here seems to be a mixture of sand, gravel and clay, with the sand predominating. I went to the farmer's market yesterday morning and found many negro farmers selling farm products. Huge baskets of dandelion and water cress were seen on every hand. Poultry and eggs were also abundantly exposed for sale by the colored people. There is an excellent market here. The market house opens at 5 a. m. and closes at 5 p. m. The city is full of sight-seeing students from the Normal School of Pennsylvania and other states. As many as 200 come from one schools. The south sends her young people here, too. There are the usual number of bridal parties here also. Our visits to the Washington monument, capitol, etc, were made in the midst of crowds of students.

We leave for New Orleans tomorrow.

Very sincerely yours,
H. F BITNER.

Washington, D C., April 9, 1915.

Dr. Ferguson To-Morrow Night.

A treat for the intellect is in store for those who will avail themselves of the opportunity of hearing Dr. H. Clay Ferguson, the much-discussed lecturer. If his recommendations—and they are many—may be taken as a criterion, one of the best lecturers will speak from the platform in the Grange Hall to-morrow (Friday) evening that ever appeared here. Here is what the chairman of the lecture course committee at Blooming Glen, Pa., says concerning the subject which Dr. Ferguson will deliver in Centre Hall:

"The lecture of Dr H. Clay Ferguson on "The Lights and Shadows of Marriage and Home," delivered in the North Frankford Baptist church, was a splendid effort. The subject was one to touch every heart, and the way Dr Ferguson handled it deserves our highest commendation. It was the opinion of every one present that he gave us a most enjoyable evening, indeed. Dr. Ferguson will be recalled to the lecture course of our church."

Alleged Barn Burners in Jail.

T. G. Ryan, a deputy state fire marshal, of Danville, captured the alleged leaders of a gang of barn burners, when he arrested and landed in the Centre county jail, on Saturday, Edward Ickes, of Scotia, and Bert Finnegan, of Williamsburg, Blair county.

The men are charged with burning the house and barn of H. A. Ellis, in Baldeagle Valley, in February, 1914.

Within two months before and after the burning of the Ellis buildings, five or six barns were burned down in the same valley, and it is believed an organized gang did the work.

Prof. Jones Meets With Accident.

Prof. W. R. Jones, principal of Gregg township's schools, was accidentally shot in the back of the left hand while practicing for the play, "Little Buckshot," given at Spring Mills, Saturday. When that part of the play calling for the use of the revolver appeared, Prof. Jones was standing near to the holder of the gun and the weapon was discharged. The shell was a blank, but Mr. Jones nevertheless received a painful wound from the fire. It was not known that the gun was loaded.

The alleys were used to a great extent by male pedestrians on Saturday. The reason for their popularity was that they proved a good avenue of escape from the fire marshal and forester who had a difficult task in securing help to fight the forest fires. It was not long, however, until the authorities got next to the scheme and succeeded in drafting a number who preferred to stay at home rather than subject themselves to the annoyances of fire fighting. It's a good law that makes it imperative that able-bodied men fight forest fires, for few would go of their own volition.

March Bounties Paid.

The Centre County Commissioners paid out during the month of March bounties on 109 weasels, 24 gray foxes, 1 wild cat, 4 hawks and 9 owls, amounting to $276.50.

Nittany Mountain Afire.

The burning of brush started a fire Thursday morning of last week along the base of Nittany Mountain, and destroyed timber on several hundred acres of mountain land. The fire started at the Guy Brooks place where Mr. Brooks was disposing of a heap of brush. The fire swept across a grass field and in a very short time communicated with the mountain land. The dry condition of the ground, aided by a west wind, caused the fire to sweep up the mountain side with great rapidity. Forester Leonard Barnes and ranger Hoover, with a corps of thirty assistants, fought the blaze all afternoon and succeeded in putting it out, but not before it had reached the pike.

Saturday morning the blaze broke out anew and in a short time gained such headway that it seemed beyond all control. A gale blew for several hours and made fighting difficult. The line of fire extended from the base of the mountain to the top of the "big" mountain in a north-easterly direction, and continued to destroy all timber eastward. About five o'clock, however, a propitious rain began falling and while the precipitation was light, it was sufficient to check the flames. From a seething furnace the mountainside took on a decidedly different aspect in the space of one hour, following the rain.

Odd Fellows Install Officers.

Thursday night was the regular time for the installation of the newly-elected officers of the Centre Hall lodge I. O. O. F., and the ceremony incident to the inducting into the various chairs was performed by District Deputy Grand Master T. L. Gramley, of Spring Mills. It was Mr. Gramley's last performance in this capacity, his term expiring this spring. The following is a list of the new officers to serve for the ensuing term:

Noble Grand, Harvey Mark; Vice Grand, William Homan; Chaplain, John H. Puff; R. S. to N. G, V. A. Auman; L. S. to N. G, George H. Emerick; R. S. to V. G., John A. Heckman; L. S. to V. G., Clyde Dutrow; R. S. S., P. H. Garis; L. S. S., William Lucas; Outside Guardian, M. L. Emerick; Inside Guardian, Charles Crust.

I. B. Showers was elected as representative to the Grand Lodge; B. D. Brisbin as representative to the Orphan's Home at Sunbury; T. L. Moore as representative to the Anniversary meeting at Bloomsburg.

A luncheon was served at the close of the lodge and the Rebekah order provided a number of good things to which all did justice.

Prospects for Big Wheat Crop.

Prospects of the winter wheat crop, planted last fall on the greatest acreage in the country's history, were that 619,000,000 bushels would be produced. This estimate by the Department of Agriculture, based on the condition of the growing crop on April 1, may be increased or decreased according to the changes in condition from that date to time of harvest.

Winter wheat condition on April 1 was 88 8 per cent of a normal, against 95.6 last year and 87.6, the ten-year average. There was an increase of 0.5 points from last December, compared with an average decline of 2 7 points in the past ten years.

Rye condition was 89.05 per cent of a normal, against 91.3 last year 90 1, the ten-year average.

"The High School Freshman."

Thursday night of next week, April 22nd, "The High School Freshman" will be rendered by home talent, under the auspices of the Centre Hall baseball club. The play is a three-act comedy and the two hours that it will require to play it are replete with amusing incidents that will keep the audience in a laughing humor throughout. Between acts two vaudeville sketches will be introduced—"The Umbrella Mender" and "Troubled by Ghosts."

The admission price will be fifteen and twenty-five cents; reserved seats, thirty cents.

In Grange Arcadia, Thursday, April 22nd.

Receives Federal Appointment.

W. S. Krise, a former Centre Hall boy, has received a position as gatherer of industrial statistics for the census bureau of the federal goverment. The position was unsolicited and came thru Warren Worth Bailey, congressman of the district composed of Cambria, Blair and Bedford counties. Mr. Krise's territory will consist of Cambria county. He is now in Pittsburgh learning the work under E B. White, special agent of the Census Bureau.

James E. Quigley, brother of Henry Quigley, Esq., of Bellefonte, died at his home in Pittsburgh, Sunday morning of pneumonia, aged forty-two years.

DEATHS.

One of the most sudden, unexpected and saddest death which occurred in Lewistown recently was that of William A. Stiffler, who died Thursday morning of last week at his home. Mr. Stiffler performed his usual work at the Standard steel works at Burnham Wednesday and about the time he was preparing to come home after his day's labor he became very ill. He was taken to Lewistown and medical aid was immediately summoned. The ill man suffered great pain from cramps and remained conscious until the end came. The attending physician announced that death was due to peritonitis. His age was fifty-two years, nine months and nine days.

Surviving the deceased is his wife, whose maiden name was Agnes Parsons of Lewistown. Other living relatives are: Two children, Mrs. Arthur C. Wertz, of 21 Central avenue and Mrs. Charles Peters at her parental home; a brother, Peter Stiffler, of Yeagertown; a sister, Mrs. Charles Bottorf of Yeagertown, and two half sisters, Mrs. Kate Oberholtzer of Millersburg, and Mrs. Caroline Showers of Philadelphia. W. F. Colyer of Centre Hall is a nephew.

Thirty-seven years ago Mr. Stiffler went to Mifflin county from Colyer. For twenty-three years he was an employe of the Standard steel works at Burnham and at the time of his death, was employed in the open hearth. Funeral services were held Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Emma Rishel, wife of Al. M. Rishel, of near Axemann, died at the Bellefonte hospital Saturday evening at seven o'clock. Mrs. Rishel was admitted to the hospital in the morning and in the afternoon an operation for an obstruction of the bowels was performed. She never regained consciousness, however, and that evening passed away. Funeral services were held at her home Tuesday afternoon and burial was made at Bellefonte, Rev. E. H. Yocum and Rev. C. C. Shuey, officiating.

Mrs. Rishel was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Schreck, both deceased, and was born at Lemont a little more than forty-nine years ago. She and her husband have lived on the Rishel homestead for many years. She was a member of the Methodist church and a woman of beautiful christian character, a devoted mother and a good neighbor, and her loss will be keenly felt in the community in which she lived nearly all her life.

Surviving her are her husband and two children, Walter and Sarah Rishel, both at home. Two sisters and one brother also remain: Mrs. Robert Moore, Philipsburg; Mrs. Felix Ludwig, Ebensburg; William Schreck, Lemont.

Henry Hubler, a well known young blacksmith of State College, died on Wednesday morning of last week, after only a four days' illness. He first complained of a pain in the head on Saturday and from that time grew steadily worse until his death. He was a son of Jefferson Davis and Bertha Hubler and was born at Erbtown almost twenty years ago. Since growing to manhood he assisted his father in the blacksmith shop and was an industrious and exemplary young man. He was a member of the Reformed church at State College. He is survived by his parents, two brothers and one sister. The funeral was held on Saturday morning and burial made in the Pine Hall cemetery.

Thomas W. Hurd, the fourth mayor of Altoona, died in Martinsburg, Wednesday of last week, at the age of ninety-one years. He was born in Milesburg and in 1844 moved, with his parents, to Hollidaysburg. In 1868 he became a resident of Altoona and ten years later was elected mayor on the Democratic ticket.

Deaths of Centre Countians.

Mrs. Amanda Ward died at her home in Pine Grove Mills Wednesday of last week after an illness of some time with cancer. Her age was sixty-two years.

Mrs. Susannah Hall died at her home in Howard, aged eighty-six years.

Mrs. Mary Eckenroth died at her home in Pleasant Gap of paralysis, aged eighty-three years. She was a sister of Mrs. Thomas Grove of Centre Hall.

Special Announcement.

Mrs. L. W. S. Person of Philipsburg, New Jersey, will be at the residence of Mrs. M. E. Strohm, April 14 to 19th, inclusive, instead of dates previously announced Mrs. Person will have a complete display of the latest New York styles in summer millinery. adv.

To-day (Thursday) is the opening of the trout season.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS

Blank receipt books for sale at this office. Price fifteen cents.

Lock Haven will use 30,000 gallons of road oil on its streets this summer.

The Varneys will be in Bellefonte next week to open their "Welfare Week" campaign.

Eighty-two degrees in the shade makes a noise like summer. Mercury expanded to that degree last Saturday.

Lock Haven dedicated its new high school building last Thursday. It is one of the best school buildings in the state.

Guy Foreman and Blaine Bitner of Spring Mills attended the installation of officers of the I. O. O. F. lodge Thursday evening.

H. F. McManaway has moved from Millheim to Bellefonte. He has quit the road as a salesman and hopes to secure work which will keep him at home.

Millheim's population was increased by two within the past week: A baby girl to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph W. Reifsnyder and a boy at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Keen.

The first snake of the season reported killed was a five-foot black snake, dispatched by John Garis on Thursday. The reptile was driven out of its den by the mountain fire.

Bellefonte has decided to change its plans for a Fourth of July celebration in favor of a Centre county "Old Home" week, to begin on July 2nd and continue until the 8th.

If people spent more time tending to their business and less time worrying about the administration, hard times, and the war, business would be better and everyone would be happier.

F. V. Goodhart took charge of the funeral of Mrs. Amanda Ward, at Pine Grove Mills, on Friday afternoon, owing to the illness of Mr. Koch, the State College funeral director.

There will be a veritable influx of Ford cars into this vicinity with the coming of warm weather. Boozer and Fetterolf have orders already for a carload of these machines, with prospects for many more.

C. W. Boozer and Byron Garis built an old-fashioned fireplace in the club house owned by a number of State College professional men and located in Galbraith's Gap, near the Bear Meadows.

Farmers who ploughed during last week report the soil having turned in fine condition. There were apprehensions that the reverse would be true. The soil ploughed last fall is also in fine condition, the elements during the winter months having brought about just the conditions desired.

The graduation exercises of the Millheim high school will be held in the Reformed church on Thursday evening, April 29. The class consists of five members, as follows: Miss Adah Smith, Miss Martha Smith and Jacob Kessler of Millheim, and Miss Meda Bower and Fred Wolfe of Aaronsburg.

Bellefonte fishermen must forego the pleasure of fishing from the walks on Water street between Waites and the C. R. R. yards, as a result of action by council. This action was taken upon complaint from a number of citizens, who stated that it was dangerous for pedestrians. The police have been notified to enforce the ruling of council.

A brooder containing one hundred and twenty-five chicks caught fire from the lamp, burned brooder and chicks, an incubator, a lot of canned fruit and potatoes, besides the summer house in which all were located, Tuesday night of last week. Harry Horner of Colyer was the unfortunate man. The fire started while the family was asleep and the building was almost consumed before the blaze was discovered.

W. F. Bradford, the new owner of the Centre Hall Flouring Mill, closed a busy week, during which time an inventory of stock was taken. In another column appears his advertisement and it is of especial interest to farmers at this particular time of the year when a new plow, cultivator, grain drill or other farm implement is needed. Mr. Bradford carries a complete line of standard implements that don't go wrong. Read his ad.

If you want to learn something about the poplar—the measly, contemptible poplar—as a shade tree, take a look at the "trimmed up" poplars along the cemetery. A look along this line of stubs of trees ought to deter one from not only planting this particular species of trees for ornamental or shade, but ought to induce those who have done so to lay the ax near to the root of every one now growing. Every poplar now growing in Centre Hall will ere long be an eye-sore.

CRUISER WILHELM ENTERS U. S. PORT

Last of German Commerce Destroyers Closes Career.

14 VESSELS SUNK BY HER

Chased Three Times By British Cruisers, Raider Seeks Sanctuary When Sixty-Six Of Men Aboard Are Stricken With Beri-Beri.

Newport News, Va.—The German converted cruiser Kronprinz Wilhelm, the elusive raider of commerce of the South Atlantic, slipped into this port Sunday and asked for fuel and provisions.

Many times reported destroyed, the former North German Lloyd liner had evaded hostile warships for eight months while she sent 14 merchantmen to the bottom. Her officers said she was forced to steal her way past four allied cruisers off the Virginia Capes to reach this refuge.

"We got in without being seen by the enemy and we can get out the same way," declared her commander, Lieut.-Capt. Paul Thierfelder, formerly navigating officer of the German cruiser Karlsruhe.

Commander Thierfelder explained that his ship was badly in need of repairs. Her bottom, he said, was foul and her boilers needed overhauling. He stated that he would request permission to have the repairs made here.

As the Kronprinz steamed past Fort Monroe and through the fleet of 16 United States battleships assembled in Hampton Roads she neither fired a salute nor dipped her flag.

The second of the raiders brought as thrilling a story as did the Eitel Friedrich. Her record of destruction, however, was accomplished with only four guns, two taken from the German cruiser Karlsruhe and two captured later from the British merchant ship La Correntina, sunk October 7, 1914.

When she dropped anchor the Kronprinz Wilhelm had less than 25 tons of coal and scanty provisions for the crew of 500 men and 61 prisoners from British merchant ships sunk in the South Atlantic. Sixty-six of the men aboard the cruiser, it was announced, were suffering from beri-beri.

Of the 14 ships that the 15,000-ton cruiser sank nine were British, four French and one Norwegian. The value of these ships and their cargoes officers of the Wilhelm estimated at $7,000,000.

BANK OFFICIALS ARRESTED.

London (Ken.) Men Charged With Misappropriations.

London, Ky.—W. B. Catching and McCalla Fitzgerald, former president and cashier, respectively, of the First National Bank of London, closed by order of the Comptroller of the Currency, were arrested here upon Federal warrants charging false entries, false reports and misappropriation of bank funds. Both men executed bond for their appearance in the Federal Court at Covington, Ky., October 18. The men were indicted by a Federal grand jury at Covington yesterday.

WOMAN, 60, GUILTY OF MURDER.

Beat Another To Death For Purpose Of Robbery, Jury Finds.

Detroit.—Mrs. Caroline E. Becker, 60 years old, was found guilty of murder in the first degree for having caused the death of Miss Frances Bomholt last December. Evidence given at the trial showed that Miss Bromholt was beaten to death with a large chunk of coal and that robbery was the motive for the crime.

TURKS OCCUPY HAMADAN.

City Entrepot Of Commerce Between Important Towns.

Petrograd, via London.—A telegram to the Bourse Gazette from Tiflis, Transaucasia, says the Turks have occupied Hamadan, a city of Persia 165 miles southwest of Teheran. Hamadan is an entrepot for the commerce between Bagdad, Habris, Ispahan and Teheran. It has a population of about 25,000.

1,656 MILES OF BATTLE FRONT

French Paper Estimates Length Of Allies' Trenches.

Paris.—Troops of the Allies occupy battle fronts whose length totals 1,656 miles, according to a compilation made by the Matin. In the western arena, according to these figures, the French occupy 540 miles of trenches, the British 31 miles and the Belgians 17 miles.

BOY PREVENTS TRAIN WRECK.

Hand Cars Placed On Chesapeake and Ohio Tracks.

Charleston, W. Va.—An attempt to wreck an eastbound Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad passenger train near Eastbank was frustrated by a boy, who flagged the train in time to prevent it from running into an obstruction placed on the track. Two hand cars and a pile of ties had been placed on the track at the end of a curve. Railroad police are investigating.

GREAT STRUGGLE ON EASTERN FRONT

Thirty German and Austrian Corps Facing Russians.

FRENCH TAKE LES EPARGES

Should Austro-Hungary Conclude a Separate Peace, Italy Would Fail To Secure Territory Obtainable By Joining Allies.

London.—The Russian successes in the Carpathian Mountains, where the Muscovites are now said to control virtually all the important passes and are preparing for a descent on the southern slopes on to the plains of Hungary, have revived unofficial talk of separate peace for Austro-Hungary and seemingly increasing anxiety on the part of interventionists in Italy for their country to take up arms on the side of the Allies and secure territory which they have failed to get in the negotiations through Germany with Austria.

The Russian newspapers seem convinced that Hungary, if not the whole of the dual monarchy, is ready to seek peace, and it is said that Emperor Francis Joseph has requested Pope Benedict to intervene in his behalf. Except in Italy, the neutral country most directly interested in this question, little credence is given this report, although the opinion is expressed in military circles here that if Russia succeeds in overcoming the joint resistance of the Austro-German troops in the Carpathians, as she apparently has that of the Austro-Hungarian armies, Hungary at least will be ready to bring the war to an end as far as she in concerned.

A Great Battle Beginning.

However, the Russians have some way to go as yet before they reach the plains of Hungary, and the Austro-German forces are placing every obstacle in their way. The whole southern slopes of the mountains have been strongly fortified, and troops are being poured into the region in dispute.

It is said there are now 24 Austrian and 6 German army corps facing the Russians and that more are on the way. On the other hand, the Russians are still bringing up reserves, and according to the Austrian report, they are attacking without any regard for the loss of human life.

The critics contend that the Austro-Germans must now return from East Galicia and Bukowina or they will find themselves cut off. Just as fierce a battle, but on a smaller scale, is going on in the west between the Meuse and the Moselle.

There the French are persisting in their offensive against the Germans, and, according to the Paris reports, continue to make progress. The French report, however, is at direct variance with the reports from Berlin, which announce that all the French attacks have been repulsed with heavy losses.

French Forcing the Wedge.

The French are incessantly bombarding St. Mihiel, the point of the wedge which they are trying to force out, and at the same time are attacking the two sides of the wedge with infantry and artillery in an endeavor to reach the roads which led from St. Mihiel to Metz. If the progress already made is as great as the French claim it to be, these roads now should be almost within range of the French guns.

The Germans have made an attack on the British lines in Northern France, which was repulsed, and have, according to Berlin, recaptured from the Belgians, the village of Drei Grachten on the Yser, which has changed hands several times within a few days. Elsewhere, so far as the public has been informed, there has been no fighting worth mentioning.

$80,000,000 ORDER FROM RUSSIA.

Canadian and U. S. Factories Making Shrapnel and Explosives.

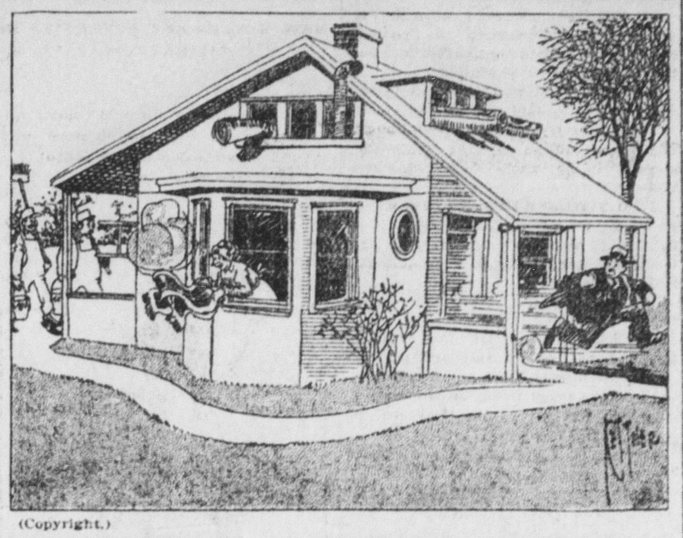
New York.—The Canadian Car and Foundry Company, is now working on $80,000,000 of orders for shrapnel and explosives received from the Russian Government, which has deposited $20,000,000 with the National City Bank, the Bank of Montreal and J. P. Morgan & Co., to be advanced to the Canadian Car and Foundry Company. The Russian Government is negotiating with all the large surety companies for bonds guaranteeing the advances made to the Canadian company in the event of abrogation of the contract.

DRY AMENDMENTS AGREED TO.

Approval Of Bills Will Complete Iowa Program.

Des Moines, Iowa.—The Iowa Senate concurred in all of the amendments which the House added to the prohibition law enforcement measures which recently went through, and the measures will be sent to the Governor. When these bills are signed and become laws the program of the "drys" will be complete. The Mulct law repeal becomes effective on January 1, 1916. At the same time the law enforcement measures will be effective.

A DESERTER



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FIND BUSINESS IS PICKING UP

Encouraging Reports Are Made by Bank Examiners.

CONFIDENCE FELT IN FUTURE

The West Especially Found To Be Well On the Way To Prosperity, While the South Is Waking Up.

Washington. — Business conditions throughout the country are showing marked improvement in almost all lines, according to reports from national bank examiners just made public by the Treasury Department. Eighty of the 90 examiners in the United States reported a permanent improvement in business.

These reports are announced to be the result of careful observation and supplemental to the regular reports on business conditions made each month to the Controller of the Currency.

"Pronounced hopefulness is prevalent in nearly every district," says the announcement. "Agricultural conditions are generally excellent, and commercial lines, with comparatively few exceptions are enlarging their activities, mainly through an increased demand, but in some cases preparation for activity is expected to develop with the coming of good weather. Manufacturing is on the increase and those industries having orders for supplies from foreign countries continue especially active.

"Further orders have been placed for cars and rails by the railroads and some large contracts have been made for structural iron for large buildings in different portions of the country."

Economy Is Stabilizer.

The statement attributes depression to unusual conditions abroad, but says that business here has been stabilized through the application of economy.

"The South," it continues, "is showing marked improvement. The sale of cotton is active at advancing prices, with the result that all business in that section is feeling a steady and pronounced improvement. The prospects for large crops generally are excellent and there will be greater diversification. The States adjoining the Missouri River and the Mississippi River above St. Louis enjoyed exceptional prosperity during the past season, and the present prospects are that the coming season will yield even better results.

"The Western States and the Pacific States are showing a general improvement."

WILSON GREETS KING ALBERT.

Cables Message Of Friendship On Belgian Ruler's Birthday.

Washington.—Birthday greetings to King Albert of Belgium were sent by cable to Havre by President Wilson in the following message: "Let me extend on this occasion of the anniversary of your Majesty's birth greetings of friendship and good will.

"WOODROW WILSON."

NO SUFFRAGE IN CONNECTICUT.

House Rejects Proposed Constitutional Amendment.

Hartford, Conn.—A proposed constitutional amendment giving women the right of suffrage was rejected by the Connecticut House of Representatives, 124 to 106. This action ends the movement for equal suffrage so far as the present General Assembly is concerned.

SECRETARY McADOO QUITS BED.

Sits Up For First Time Since Appendicitis Operation.

Washington.—Secretary McAdoo of the Treasury, who was operated on for appendicitis three weeks ago, sat up Thursday for the first time. His physicians said it would be ten days or more before he would be permitted to go out of the house.

TRYING HARD TO PRODUCE DYES

Necessity May Lead to New American Industry.

BIG PLANTS BEING ERECTED

American Coke Ovens Now Wasting Annually One Hundred Million Dollars In By-Products.

Washington. — American chemical companies are bending every effort toward supplying textile mills and other industries using artificial dyes with home products to replace German dye stuffs, shut off by the European war.

Reports to the Department of Commerce show that at least six plants are in course of construction for the manufacture of the coal tar derivatives upon which the colors used in cloth manufacture, varnishes and other products are based. Approximately $6,000,000 is to be expended, and within a few months it is estimated that much of the material for the simpler dyes, heretofore purchased in Germany, at a cost of $12,000,000 annually will be turned out in the United States. The more complicated chemicals, however, will require a greater length of time to develop.

A report of the dye stuff situation, called for by a resolution of Congress, was given out by the department. It was compiled by Thomas H. Norton, a commercial agent of the department, who formerly served as consul in Germany and is familiar with the industry.

Mr. Norton estimates that American coke ovens are wasting annually $160,000,000 in by-products that could be saved and employed in other industries, it having been preferred heretofore to depend upon German chemicals rather than develop an American dye stuff supply. The American coke industry, the report states, could produce 20 times as much coal tar as the world needs for dyes.

A proposal is now being considered for the addition of a bureau of information in dye stuff industry in the department. Officials are hopeful that the result will be the establishment of the coal tar chemical industry in such a position that it will be able to meet German competition, even after the war is over.

In his report Mr. Norton calls attention to the fact that England has already taken steps to free herself of dependence on the German dye stuff mills, and that similar steps have been taken in France and are contemplated in Russia.

SETS "PUBLIC HEALTH DAY."

Governor Of West Virginia Names April 19 For a Clean-Up.

Charleston, W. Va.—As the result of a proclamation issued by Governor Henry D. Hatfield, West Virginians will observe Monday, April 19, as "Public Health Day."

The Governor also asks that on the Sunday preceding there shall be proclaimed from every pulpit the "solemn obligation that rests on society and on the individual to work for clean and healthful conditions of living for the removal of known causes of disease and for the dissemination of a knowledge of those principles that underlie an efficient preservation of the physical and social hygiene."

ADDS 1,843 TO BRITISH LOSSES.

Largest Total Of Casualties Given Out By London.

London.—The largest total of casualties yet recorded in any of the official lists was shown in a statement given out, dated March 22. This list is believed to cover the losses sustained in part of the sanguinary fighting which resulted in the capture of Neuve Chapelle last month. The list includes the names of 1,843 non-commissioned officers and men of 70 different regiments, the killed numbering 573 and the wounded 1,107.

GIVES UP PLAN FOR DASH TO SEA

Thierichens Interns Prinz Eitel Friedrich.

CAREER AS RAIDER ENDED

German Auxiliary Cruiser, With Engines Sealed, Will Remain At Portsmouth Navy Yard Until War Is Over.

Newport News, Va.—The career of the German auxiliary cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich as a sea raider is at an end.

At her commander's request, she will be interned until the end of the war.

The breech blocks of her guns will be removed and her engines will be sealed. A United States guard will be mounted over her.

Deserted by sister ships of the German raiding fleet, Commander Thierichens determined not to take his vessel out to certain destruction at the hands of the British cruisers lying off the Virginia Capes.

He had expected the arrival of German ships to engage the hostile fleet which laid in wait for him.

Officers To Be Paroled.

The Prinz Eitel was interned four weeks to a day after her arrival at this port. She had sent eight merchant ships, including the American bark William P. Frye, to the bottom during her raiding career, which covered two oceans.

Admiral Fletcher, commanding the Atlantic fleet, took charge of the situation.

The Prinz Eitel will be towed to Portsmouth Navy Yard. Her crew will be allowed ashore only under a naval guard. Her officers will be given their paroles.

In communicating to Collector Hamilton his intention to intern, Commander Thierichens presented a tragic figure. His wake across two oceans strewn with the shattered hulks of his merchant prey, he was deserted at the last minute by the ships from which he had expected aid.

WANT HUERTA BARRED.

Carranzistas Will Ask U. S. To Forbid Landing Of Former Dictator.

Los Angeles, Cal.—The Carranza Government, at Vera Cruz, will ask the United States to deny admittance to Victoriano Huerta, the former Mexican dictator, now on the way to New York, according to a message which Adolfo Carillo, Carranza agent here, received. Carranza has evidence, Carillo said he was informed, that a group of Mexican conservatives had assembled in New York to meet Huerta and plan with him a movement to restore Huerta to the dictatorship. Carranza's request that Huerta be denied admission to this country will be based, it is stated, upon the declaration that he intends to violate the neutrality of the United States.

BLOW-UP IN AN ORCHARD.

One Man Killed and Several Hurt In Explosion.

York, Pa.—Amos Slouther, a truck farmer, of Adams county, was blown to pieces; Clair Stein was probably fatally hurt and fellow-workmen were dazed, when a bucket of dynamite exploded while the men were preparing to dynamite holes in an orchard for the planting of trees. The explosion occurred, when Slouther, who was carrying the dynamite in a bucket, stopped to set off a fuse leading to one of the two-foot holes the men were drilling. Slouther was instantly killed. His left leg, right foot and left hand were torn off and the flesh upon his right arm was considerably torn. Slouther leaves a widow and 10 children.

G. O. P. SWEEPS CHICAGO.

Elects W. H. Thompson Mayor By 125,000 Plurality.

Chicago.—In the most exciting election that Chicago ever had, William Hale Thompson, Republican, was elected Mayor by a plurality of about 125,000. Robert M. Sweitzer, the Democratic candidate, never was in the running. The vote was a veritable Thompson landslide. He took the lead from the moment the first returns were received and never was headed. Wards that usually could have been counted upon to give any Democratic candidate a good plurality went for Thompson.

KAISER BITTER TOWARD ITALY.

Tells Austrians "We Will Win Back Whatever We Give."

Paris.—What the Kaiser thinks about Italy is reflected in the following statement he recently made to officers attached to the Austrian Emperor's suite: "Even if we are crushed, we shall never tire of telling our children in Austria, as well as in Germany, that our downfall was due to Italy. If it takes us 10 or even 20 years we will win back whatever we give Italy now and also seize Venice as interest."

BIG WESTERN ATTACK NEAR

Germans Claim All French Attacks Repulsed.

STILL HOLD THEIR WEDGE

Military Experts Believe Recent Operations Are But the Prelude To a General Movement In Increased Force.

London.—The French offensive in the Woevre, which, according to official reports from Paris, continues to make progress, although the Germans reiterate that all the French attacks have been repulsed, it is believed, is only the prelude to a big general effort in the west.

With the two general staffs in direct conflict, it is difficult to gauge the results of the fighting. Military experts here, however, express the conviction that the Germans will be compelled to send reinforcements to strengthen their wedge, which penetrates to St. Mihiel and which is being attacked on both flanks, and that as soon as this movement begins the Allies will strike at the point thus weakened and perhaps at the whole line.

With the operations in this district of France those in the Carpathians divide interest, which is being barely satisfied with the meager official reports from the various headquarters.

The Russians, like the French, apparently are making progress in the capture of important points which are essential before a general forward movement can be undertaken. They are in possession of the whole principal chain of the Carpathians and at some points are descending the southern slopes and are approaching, if they are not already in, the Uszok Valley, south of the pass of that name.

Fighting is going on under extremely difficult conditions, the ground being covered with snow, which is commencing to soften, while the Austro-Germans continue to bring up reinforcements in an endeavor to check the advance. The Russians, however, appear to have confidence in their ability to handle the task, for simultaneously they are showing considerable activity both on the East Prussian frontier, where they claim success over the Germans, and to the south of the Vistula, where the Germans say they have repulsed a Russian attack.

The allied fleet, according to unofficial reports, has been bombarding the Dardanelles forts from the Gulf of Saros. This doubtless is being done to prevent the Turks from repairing the forts, for it is not believed here that the big attack will be resumed until the land forces arrive.

CALLS AMERICAN SCOUTS BEST.

Seton Returns From Two Months' Visit In England.

New York. — Ernest Thompson Seton, formerly head of the Boy Scout movement in America, arrived here from Liverpool on the steamship St. Louis after a two months' visit abroad. Mr. Seton said that the Boy Scout movement in England has suffered since the war began by reason of the majority of the scout masters having been called to service. The Boy Scouts of America, he declared, are being developed toward a higher class of citizenship than the Boy Scouts are abroad, where more attention is being paid to effectiveness in drill and military tactics.

SMYRNA FORTS AGAIN SHELLED.

Aeroplanes Of Allies Also Drop a Number Of Bombs.

London. — The Reuter Telegram Company has received a dispatch from its correspondent at Athens, saying that British warships again bombarded the forts at the entrance to the Gulf of Smyrna Monday, according to the report of the captain of the Greek steamer Arcadia. Hydroplanes of the Allies dropped a number of bombs, the captain declares, and the Vali of Smyrna ordered Europeans to leave town.

CHURCH BLOWN TO PIECES.

Storm Does Heavy Damage Throughout Dalaware.

Dover, Del.—In a heavy storm here a portable church, belonging to the Christian denomination at Kittshammock, on the Delaware Bay, was blown to pieces. It was of galvanized iron. All the equipment was destroyed. No one was in the structure at the time, services having just been finished. The loss is about $1,500.

GOING TO RAISE SUBMARINE.

United States Cruiser Maryland Sails For Honolulu.

San Francisco.—The United States cruiser Maryland sailed from here for Honolulu to take charge of the raising of the United States submarine F-4, which sank March 25. Stephen J. Drellishak, said to hold the world's diving record for depth, and other experts from the Brooklyn Navy Yard were aboard.

HIS LOVE STORY

By MARIE VAN VORST

ILLUSTRATIONS By RAY WALTERS

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SYNOPSIS.

—2—

Le Comte de Sabron, captain of French cavalry, takes to his quarters to raise by hand a motherless Irish terrier pup, and names it Pitchoune. He dines with the Marquise d'Esclignac and meets Miss Julia Redmond, American heiress, who sings for him an English ballad that lingers in his memory.

CHAPTER III—Continued.

That evening the Marquise d'Esclignac read aloud to her niece the news that the Count de Sabron was not coming to dinner. He was "absolutely desolated" and had no words to express his regret and disappointment. The pleasure of dining with them both, a pleasure to which he had looked forward for a fortnight, must be renounced because he was obliged to sit up with a very sick friend, as there was no one else to take his place. In expressing his undying devotion and his renewed excuses he put his homage at their feet and kissed their hands.

The Marquise d'Esclignac, wearing another very beautiful dress, looked up at her niece, who was playing at the piano.

"A very poor excuse, my dear Julia, and a very late one."

"It sounds true, however. I believe him, don't you, ma tante?"

"I do not," said the marquise emphatically. "A Frenchman of good education is not supposed to refuse a dinner invitation an hour before he is expected. Nothing but a case of life and death would excuse it."

"He says a 'very sick friend.'"

"Nonsense," exclaimed the marquise.

Miss Redmond played a few bars of the tune Sabron had hummed and which more than once had soothed Pitchoune, and which, did she know, Sabron was actually humming at that moment.

"I am rather disappointed," said the young girl, "but if we find it is a matter of life and death, ma tante, we will forgive him?"

The Marquise d'Esclignac had invited the Count de Sabron because she had been asked to do so by his colonel, who was an old and valued friend. She had other plans for her niece.

"I feel, my dear," she answered her now, "quite safe in promising that if it is a question of life and death we shall forgive him. I shall see his colonel tomorrow and ask him pointblank."

Miss Redmond rose from the piano and came over to her aunt, for dinner had been announced.

"Well, what do you think," she slipped her hand in her aunt's arm, "really, what do you think could be the reason?"

"Please don't ask me," exclaimed the Marquise d'Esclignac impatiently. "The reasons for young men's caprices are sometimes just as well not inquired into."

If Sabron, smoking in his bachelor quarters, lonely and disappointed, watching with an extraordinary fidelity by his "sick friend," could have seen the two ladies at their grand solitary dinner, his unfilled place between them, he might have felt the picture charming enough to have added to his collection.

CHAPTER IV.

The Dog Pays.

Pitchoune repaid what was given him.

He did not think that by getting well, reserving the right for the rest of his life to a distinguished limp in his right leg, that he had done all that was expected of him. He developed an ecstatic devotion to the captain, impossible for any human heart adequately to return. He followed Sabron like a shadow and when he could not follow him, took his place on a chair in the window, there to sit, his sharp profile against the light, his pointed ears forward, watching for the uniform he knew and admired extravagantly.

Pitchoune was a thoroughbred, and every muscle and fiber showed it, every hair and point asserted it, and he loved as only thoroughbreds can. You may say what you like about mongrel attachments, the thoroughbred in all cases reserves his brilliancy for crises.

Sabron, who had only seen Miss Redmond twice and thought about her countless times, never quite forgave his friend for the illness that kept him from the chateau. There was in Sabron's mind, much as he loved Pitchoune, the feeling that if he had gone that night . . .

There was never another invitation!

"Voyons, mon cher," his colonel had said to him kindly the next time he met him, "what stupidity have you been guilty of at the Chateau d'Esclignac?"

Poor Sabron blushed and shrugged his shoulders.

"I assure you," said the colonel, "that I did you harm there without knowing it. Madame d'Esclignac, who is a very clever woman, asked me with interest and sympathy, who your 'very sick friend' could be. As no one was very sick according to my knowledge I told her so. She seemed triumphant and I saw at once that I had put you in the wrong."

It would have been simple to have explained to the colonel, but Sabron, reticent and reserved, did not choose to do so. He made a very insufficient excuse, and the colonel, as well as the marquise, thought ill of him. He learned later, with chagrin, that his friends were gone from the Midi. Rooted to the spot himself by his duties, he could not follow them. Meanwhile Pitchoune thrived, grew, cheered his loneliness, jumped over a stick, learned a trick or two from Brunet and a great many fascinating wiles and ways, no doubt inherited from his mother. He had a sense of humor truly Irish, a power of devotion that we designate as "canine," no doubt because no member of the human race has ever deserved it.

CHAPTER V.

The Golden Autumn.

Sabron longed for a change with autumn, when the falling leaves made the roads golden roundabout the Chateau d'Esclignac. He thought he would like to go away. He rode his horse one day up to the property of the hard-hearted unforgiving lady and, finding the gate open, rode through the grounds up to the terrace. Seeing no one, he sat in his saddle looking over the golden country to the Rhone and the castle of the good King Rene, where the autumn mists were like banners floating from towers.

There was a solitary beauty around the lovely place that spoke to the young officer with a sweet melancholy. He fancied that Miss Redmond must often have looked out from one of the windows, and he wondered which one. The terrace was deserted and leaves from the vines strewed it with red and golden specters. Pitchoune raced after them, for the wind started them flying, and he rolled his tawny little body over and over in the rustling leaves. Then a rabbit, which before the arrival of Sabron had been sitting comfortably on the terrace stones, scuttled away like mad, and Pitchoune, somewhat hindered by his limp, tore after it.

The deserted chateau, the fact that there was nothing in his military life beyond the routine to interest him now in Tarascon, made Sabron eagerly look forward to a change, and he waited for letters from the minister of war which would send him to a new post.

The following day after his visit to the chateau he took a walk, Pitchoune at his heels, and stood aside in the highroad to let a yellow motor pass him, but the yellow motor at that moment drew up to the side of the road while the chauffeur got out to adjust some portion of the mechanism. Someone leaned from the yellow motor window and Sabron came forward to speak to the Marquise d'Esclignac and another lady by her side.

Stood Aside to Let a Motor Pass Him.

"How do you do, Monsieur? Do you remember us?"

(Had he ever forgotten them?) He regretted so very much not having been able to dine with them in the spring.

"And your sick friend?" asked Madame d'Esclignac keenly, "did he recover?"

"Yes," said Sabron, and Miss Redmond, who leaned forward, smiled at him and extended her pretty hand. Sabron opened the motor door.

"What a darling dog!" Miss Redmond cried. "What a bewitching face he has! He's an Irish terrier, isn't he?"

Sabron called Pitchoune, who diverted his attention from the chauffeur to come and be hauled up by the collar and presented. Sabron shook off his reticence.

"Let me make a confession," he said with a courteous bow. "This is my 'very sick friend.' Pitchoune was at the point of death the night of your dinner and I was just leaving the house when I realized that the helpless little chap could not weather the breeze without me. He had been run over by a bicycle and he needed some very special care."

Miss Redmond's hand was on Pitchoune's head between his pointed ears. She looked sympathetic. She looked amused. She smiled.

"It was a question of 'life and death,' wasn't it?" she said eagerly to Sabron.

"Really, it was just that," answered the young officer, not knowing how significant the words were to the two ladies.

Then Madame d'Esclignac knew that she was beaten and that she owed something and was ready to pay. The chauffeur got upon his seat and she asked suavely:

"Won't you let us take you home, Monsieur Sabron?"

He thanked them. He was walking and had not finished his exercise.

"At all events," she pursued, "now that your excuse is no longer a good one, you will come this week to dinner, will you not?"

He would, of course, and watched the yellow motor drive away in the autumn sunlight, wishing rather less for the order from the minister of war to change his quarters than he had before.

CHAPTER VI.

Ordered Away.

He had received his letter from the minister of war. Like many things we wish for, set our hopes upon, when they come we find that we do not want them at any price. The order was unwelcome. Sabron was to go to Algiers.

Winter is never very ugly around Tarascon. Like a lovely bunch of fruit in the brightest corner of a happy vineyard, the Midi is sheltered from the rude experiences that the seasons know farther north. Nevertheless, rains and winds, sea-born and vigorous, had swept in and upon the little town. The mistral came whistling and Sabron, from his window, looked down on his little garden from which summer had entirely flown. Pitchoune, by his side, looked down as well, but his expression, different from his master's, was ecstatic, for he saw sliding along the brick wall, a cat with which he was on the most excited terms. His body tense, his ears forward, he gave a sharp series of barks and little soft growls, while his master tapped the window-pane to the tune of Miss Redmond's song.

Although Sabron had heard it several times, he did not know the words or that they were of a semi-religious, extremely sentimental character which would have been difficult to translate into French. He did not know that they ran something like this:

God keep you safe, my love,
All through the night;
Rest close in his encircling arms
Until the light.

And there was more of it. He only knew that there was a pathos in the tune which spoke to his warm heart; which caressed and captivated him and which made him long deeply for a happiness he thought it most unlikely he would ever know.

There had been many pictures added to his collection: Miss Redmond at dinner, Miss Julia Redmond—he knew her first name now—before the piano; Miss Redmond in a smart coat, walking with him down the alley, while Pitchoune chased flying leaves and apparitions of rabbits hither and thither.

The Count de Sabron had always dreaded just what happened to him. He had fallen in love with a woman beyond his reach, for he had no fortune whatsoever, nothing but his captain's pay and his hard soldier's life, a wanderer's life and one which he hesitated to ask a woman to share. In spite of the fact that Madame d'Esclignac was agreeable to him, she was not cordial, and he understood that she did not consider him a parti for her niece. Other guests, as well as he, had shared her hospitality. He had been jealous of them, though he could not help seeing Miss Redmond's preference for himself. Not that he wanted to help it. He recalled that she had really sung to him, decidedly walked by his side when there had been more than the quartette, and he felt, in short, her sympathy.

"Pitchoune," he said to his companion, "we are better off in Algiers, mon vieux. The desert is the place for us. We shall get rid of fancies there and do some hard fighting one way or another."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Worth While Quotation.

The pleasure that we take in beautiful nature is essentially capricious. It comes sometimes when we least look for it, and sometimes, when we expect it most certainly, it leaves us to gape joylessly for days together. We may have passed a place a thousand times and one, and on the thousand and second it will be transfigured, and stand forth in a certain splendor of reality from the dull circle of surroundings, so that we see it "with a child's first pleasure," as Wordsworth saw the daffodils by the lakeside.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

Sure to Get What He Wanted.

The doctor told him he needed carbohydrates, proteids, and above all, something nitrogenous. The doctor mentioned a long list of foods for him to eat. He staggered out and wabbled into a restaurant.

"How about beefsteak?" he asked the waiter. "Is that nitrogenous?" The waiter didn't know.

"Are fried potatoes rich in carbohydrates or not?"

The waiter couldn't say.

"Well, I'll fix it," declared the poor man in despair. "Bring me a large plate of hash."

LACE FOR THE NECK

NEW STYLES ARE EFFECTIVE IN THE EXTREME.

Aside From This Dainty Touch, All-Lace Gowns Are Coming Back Into Favor—Something About the New Costume.

The tight bodice, with the square decolletage in front and elbow sleeves, has been introduced into afternoon and evening frocks, and it has

Model of White Serge Embroidered in Blue Soutache. Blouse of White Tulle Embroidered in Blue.

a touch of fine lace with a blue velvet bow to give softness to the neck. It allows many women a chance to appear their best in the evening, for it lends dignity, whereas the sleeveless bodice with the jeweled shoulder straps or the mist of illusion floating over the upper part of the body was not in keeping with certain figures of characters.

Another pictorial fashion which has been exploited by both Beer and Callot, and therefore will be extensively taken up, is the use of old and new lace frocks. It has been a long time since all-lace gowns were in the first fashion, although they never quite went out. This summer they will be revived with enthusiasm. It is not as strange that they should be introduced in a season of great lace-making depression as we thought when the first report of it came, for all the fabric places were limited this year in Europe, and large and rich houses in which fine materials are stored thought it wise to use what they had, trusting to the future to give them a wider variety of choice.

Splendid old lace flounces are used for skirts, beneath which there are placed finely shaded satin flowers. The revival of real lace has suggested the festooning of draperies on both the skirt and bodice, and flowers of silver gauze are used.

Along with such gowns as Irlandaise and Kitchener and Joffre has come a martial manner among the more versatile women. They walk with shoulders back, instead of a collapsed chest. They step along in a spirited way instead of sliding about. They are clean-cut and well put together.

It may be that this feature in the new way of dressing will do more to change the figure and the prevailing idea underlying clothes than anything else. War is in the air and it is, therefore, bound to be reflected in some way in women's apparel. Possibly the reflection will not be in braid and buttons, in khaki coats and leather belts, but in a more upright carriage and less artificiality in a more direct outlook on everything, therefore on the way one dresses.

But leaping from philosophy to detail, there was never such a fashion for patent leather as now. It has been brought out in dark blue, an absolute innovation. Belts, collar and cuffs, hems to street suits, pockets and many other accessories are fashioned of it.

Khaki colored serge and gabardine are in favor, more so than the khaki itself. Short jackets that have huge pockets above and below the belt, fastened over with a pointed flap and a brass button, are made by all the tailors. And as for military buttons, there is no end to them. Many have some kind of insignia on them, though, of course, the proper one, used by the allied armies, is not permitted.

DAINTY MODEL FOR SPRING

Embodies All the Latest Effects That Have Come Into Recent Popularity.

The picture shows one of the daintiest of spring models. Spring weather has brought out the latest productions of the Parisian and "made in America" fashion originators. After a walk in the New York shopping district, one could not help but think that a fashion show in which thousands of dainty manikins were participating was taking place on the avenue. The suit shown is of the favorite fawn-colored cravat cloth with the popular circular skirt. The jacket is three-quarter length pointed on the sides. A fawn-colored suede belt and a slightly standing collar complete the suit.

The tam o' shanter hat is of white corduroy velvet with two tassels on the side. The shoes are laced on the side and a little rosette at the top of the lacing sets off the white kid tops.

BLOUSES MATCH BEIGE SUITS

Garments That Will Readily Be Seen to Have Many Points of Advantage.

To match the beige-colored suits are offered pongee silk blouses built on tailored lines with high, turn-over collar and rolling cuffs. The fronts of such blouses are usually box-plaited and fastened with ivory buttons in ball shape. The excellent point about these models, aside from their matching quality, is that they launder very easily.

To add variety to the line, there are pongee waists trimmed with dyed laces; and still others that are hand embroidered in floss the color of the blouse material. Like many other waists of the period, certain of the models have the convertible collar, acceptable for either cool weather or warm weather wear.

The frilled blouse is back again. It is made of cotton voile, of georgette crepe or of striped filet marquisette. Its salient feature is the one-side jabot, which is usually edged with lace. When there is a yoke it is apt to show a scalloped edge, sometimes piped with a contrasting color.

A lot of gold and soutache braiding is being tried out on blouses that start out to be plain and then seem to undergo a change and finish by being a semidress model. It is known that Paris is quite mad on the subject of braid trimmings; and this, of course, means an adoption of the same on this side of the Atlantic. American women have never been very partial to glittering ornamentation, particularly in connection with daytime attire. It may be, however, that the lure of gold as presented by French artists will prove more tempting this season than in times gone by.

Both shadow and heavy laces enter into the composition of recent blouses. There is nothing startlingly new about this, since laces of these types have been used off and on for many seasons.

When You Buy a Hat.

A millinery expert advises all women to wear a white dress or a white waist when trying on hats. She says: "The color of a dress may so greatly detract from the charm of what would be a becoming hat that the customer at once asserts the hat does not suit, whereas it is often becoming. We often drape a customer's bodice with white before even attempting to place a hat upon her head. It is merely a waste of time and patience to try one color after another for a woman who is wearing an off-color dress."

Normal Waist Line.

Short-waisted arrangements in suit coats and separate coats are not so much in evidence as they were in the midwinter and advance spring showing, the normal waist line being given preference, but occasional models with the high waist line are sponsored by the best designers, and these coats are more becoming to some figures than those of more sharply-defined waist curves.

The Side of the Skirt.

At the sides of the skirts the greatest changes have taken place. Gathers, plaits, circular insets and even pockets are introduced.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
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Successors to GRIFFITH, BOWER & GRIFFITH
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DAVID K. KELLER, Cashier
Receives Deposits . . .
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CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN
Manufacturer of and Dealer in
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MONUMENTAL WORK
in all kinds of
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Don't Put it till Any Price

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BOALSBURG, PA.
AMOS ROCK, PROPRIETOR
This well-known hostelry is prepared to accommodate all travelers. "Bus to and from all trains stopping at Oak Hall Station. Every effort is made to accommodate the traveling public. Livery attached.

OLD FORT HOTEL
EDWARD HOYER, Proprietor
RATES $1.00 Per Day
Location: One mile South of Centre Hall.
Accommodations first-class. Parties wishing to enjoy an evening given special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. Always prepared for the transient trade.

DR. SOL. M. NISSLEY,
VETERINARY SURGEON.
A graduate of the University of Penn'a. Office at Palace Livery Stable, Bellefonte, Pa. Both 'phones.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.
ISSUED WEEKLY.

CENTRE HALL - - PENN'A.

THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 1915.

SMITH & BAILEY . . . . . Proprietors
S. W. SMITH . . . . . Editor
EDWARD E. BAILEY { Local Editor and Business Manager

Entered at the Post Office in Centre Hall as second Class mail matter.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one and one-half dollars per year.

ADVERTISING RATES—Display advertisement of ten or more inches, for three or more insertions, ten cents per inch for each issue. Display advertising occupying less space than ten inches and for less than three insertions, from fifteen to twenty-five cents per inch for each issue, according to composition. Minimum charge seventy-five cents.

Local notices accompanying display advertising five cents per line for each insertion; otherwise, eight cents per line, minimum charge, twenty-five cents.

Legal notices, twenty cents per line for three insertions, and ten cents per line for each additional insertion.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Lutheran—Union, morning; Georges Valley, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Presbyterian—Spring Mills, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon. Officiating minister, Rev. Samuel Moody.

Methodist—Sprucetown, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon; Spring Mills, evening. Preaching and communion services at all places by Dist. Supt. S. B. Evans. First Quarterly Conference Saturday afternoon at 3:30.

Reformed—Centre Hall, morning and evening; Tusseyville, afternoon. Mr. J. S. Wise, representative of the Home Mission Board will speak at Tusseyville in the afternoon and at Centre Hall in the evening.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announces that James E. Harter of Penn township is a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, on the Democratic ticket, subject to the rules governing the Primary Election.

The Weather.

Readings of the thermometer are made daily at 5 p. m., and indicate the highest and lowest points reached during the preceding twenty-four hours.

APRIL	Highest	Lowest	Snowfall in inches	Rainfall in inches	Character of day
Wednesday, 7	59	36			F
Thursday, 8	70	28			F
Friday, 9	78	35			F
Saturday, 10	82	46			F
Sunday, 11	74	40		.35	PC
Monday, 12	63	41			F
Tuesday, 13	53	37			F

F means fair; C means cloudy; P C mean partly cloudy.

LOCALS

F. P. Geary spent a few days at the home of his parents in Newport.

A daughter was born to Rev. and Mrs. F. H. Foss, Tuesday morning.

James W. Runkle is confined to the house on account of blood poisoning.

Cleveland Mitterling was confined to the sickbed several days last week.

Paul Byers of St. Thomas is visiting at the home of his sister, Mrs. Emory S. Ripka.

Lewisburg's oldest resident, Mrs. Elizabeth Brown, is dead at the age of ninety-two years.

The Albright Glee Club gave a concert in the town hall at Millheim last Thursday night.

D. A. Boozer built a summer kitchen to the rear of his property, tenanted by F. P. Geary, last week.

Henry W. Shoemaker, the author, was appointed a member of the governor's official staff, last week.

Mrs. Mary Wieland, on Tuesday, went to Zion where she will remain until the beginning of next week.

A carload and a half of potatoes, raised on the penitentiary grounds, were shipped to Lewistown last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Colyer and son Eugene attended the funeral of the former's uncle, William A. Stiffler, at Lewistown, on Sunday.

Milford Luse, who is working in a large planing mill at Auburn, New York, is spending a week with his family in Centre Hall.

The five quarter-acre lots on Hoffer street, sold at the Mrs. D. F. Luse public sale on Saturday, were purchased by C. S. Thomas of Potters Mills, for $450.

The series of three articles which State Forester Leonard Barnes is publishing in the columns of the Reporter are timely and may be read with profit to everyone.

George R. Meiss, the Colyer merchant, will improve his store building, commencing next week. The building will be made larger and many interior improvements will be made. He also will install a new lighting system.

Much sod and corn stalks were turned up during the past week. The average farmer in Penns Valley has less plowing to do this spring owing to the late fall which permitted the greater part of this labor being done at that time.

C. W. Fisher, the senior in the mercantile firm of J. B. Fisher's Sons, Penn Hall, is the owner of an Overland touring car, purchased last week. Mr. Fisher for some time was revolving in his mind whether or not he wanted to train a machine, and finally decided to do so.

The State College debating team defeated the team from Washington and Jefferson College on Friday night at the former place. "State" upheld the affirmative on "Resolved that the United States should abandon the Monroe doctrine." The winners were Messrs. George W. Miller, W. H. Locke and J. E. Morrow.

Knitting Mill in Operation.

For several days last week the Millheim knitting factory transferred machinery from their Millheim plant to Pleasant Gap, and on Wednesday morning the machinery was set in motion. Six girls were started at work and more will be taken on as rapidly as they can be accommodated until the factory reaches its full capacity of forty to fifty.

The old Mulfinger mill property, purchased by Noll Brothers, has been remodeled, enlarged and equipped with electric light and power. The hum of the knitting factory is but a forerunner of the business activity that will grip Pleasant Gap this summer.

Marriage Licenses.

Ernest O. Houck, Warriors Mark
Gertrude Hicks, Benore

Dale S. Musser, Bellefonte
Clara C. Solt, Bellefonte

Fred Witherite, Runville
Erma Brown, Runville

Edgar H. Smith, Bellefonte
Margaret Fetters, Bellefonte

Bethard M. Keller, Centre Hall
Orpha A. Leister, Potters Mills

Harold Coxey, Boalsburg
Marjorie Rothrock, Boalsburg

Auction at Meiss' Store.

George R. Meiss, the Colyer merchant, will dispose of odds and ends of stock at his store Saturday afternoon, at public auction, to be followed by the regular auction sale in the evening. Stock is being reduced to make room for the carpenters.

Aaronsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Crouse were called to Winfield last week to attend the funeral of the latter's father, Mr. Troxal, who had been an invalid for many years. Accompanying them home was their daughter, Mrs. Haines from Sunbury.

Mr. and Mrs. James Lenker and daughter Sara, and Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Shuey and family from Lemont, spent a few hours with their mother, Mrs. L. K. Lenker.

Tusseyville

Mrs. David Stoner has been confined to bed for the past week or more on account of serious illness.

Miss Grace Horner is spending a week as the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. E. Bailey, in Centre Hall.

Reporter Register.

Miss Rebecca N. Rhoads, Bellefonte
Joseph A. Gravell, Lewisburg
Savilla Rearick, Gladys Jones, Centre Hall
J. R. Heckman, A. N. Finkle, Spring Mills
E. H. Rishel, Philadelphia
C. S. Thomas, Potters Mills

BOALSBURG.

Joseph Myers, with his family of Axemann spent Sunday at Boalsburg.

A son was born to Mr and Mrs. H. S. Harro, the day after Easter

John Williams of Port Matilda attended to business here last week.

Miss Neta Lytle of Rock Spring spent Sunday in town.

Charles Segner is building a new porch to his house.

The housecleaning season is being observed by the busy housewives.

Miss Margaret Weber of State College spent several days last week in Boalsburg.

Mrs. James Wert of Aaronsburg spent a few days at the home of her daughter, Mrs. David Bohn.

Mrs. George Mothersbaugh, with two of her children, spent a week in Altoona.

Mrs. Julia Williams of Lemont visited at the home of her nephew, C. W. Corl.

The farmers in our locality are busily engaged at plowing and sowing oats.

Mrs. Sarah Gingerich had a fine, durable fence built around her lot last week.

Mr. and Mrs John Kline of Centre Mills were Sunday visitors at Boalsburg.

Miss Ruth Callahan from near Linden Hall and Miss Rena Whiteman of Philipsburg were callers at Boalsburg on Friday afternoon.

John Gingerich, O. W. Stover, C. W. Corl and G. E. Meyer attended a road meeting at Bellefonte, last Thursday.

The play on Saturday evening was largely attended, and was one of the most pleasing events of the season. It was also a success financially.

Mr. and Mrs. George Kline and Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Kline of State College spent Sunday afternoon at Boalsburg.

Mrs. William Homan of near Centre Hall visited from Saturday until Monday with relatives at Oak Hall and Boalsburg.

Mrs. E. M. Kuhn and daughter, Miss Mildred, visited with relatives in Nittany Valley from Thursday until Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Smith of Zion enjoyed an auto ride to Boalsburg on Tuesday where they spent the time at the home of E. M. Kuhn.

Mrs. Wm. Rockey, who was a patient in the Bellefonte hospital for some time, returned to her home near Boalsburg on Monday.

At a meeting of the Rebekahs last Wednesday evening nine names were added to the list. Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Hoy of Shiloh were in attendance. Refreshments were served.

A slight fire occurred in the summer kitchen at the Charles Segner home Friday afternoon, caused by the oil igniting in a coal oil stove. It caused quite a commotion but it was soon extinguished and little damage was done.

An installation of officers of Boalsburg Lodge No. 894, I. O. O. F., was held Monday evening, April 12. T. M. Gramley installing officer and a number of other members of Spring Mills lodge were present. List of officers installed: N. G., George E Meyers; V. G., Earl Baird; Recording Secretary, David Glasgow; Financial Secretary, W. H. Stover; R. S. to N. G., Homer Barr; L. S. to N. G., W. G. Mothersbaugh; R. S. to V. G., Oscar Rishel; L. S. to V. G., Jacob Zong; Warden, J. H. Close; Conductor, E. D. Zong; Chaplain, D. W. Myers; Scene Supporters—Right, F. A. McClintock; Left, D. E. Snyder; Inside Guardian, Albert Kyler; Outside Guardian, Leslie Noll. Light refreshments were served.

Report of Grammar school: Number of pupils enrolled, male 15, female 19; average attendance, male 14, female 17; percentage, male 92, female 90. Pupils in attendance every day of term, Miss Rebecca Close. Pupils who passed to enter high school, Miss Rebecca Close, Beryl Brouse, Cecil Harro, and Paul Coxey.—E. H. Williams, teacher.

Pupils from other schools in the township who passed for entrance to the high school were the following: Rosemier Warren from Rock Hill school; Karl Bohn from Walnut Grove school; John Thomas, Shingletown school.

Woodward.

Master James Ard from Aaronsburg is visiting his grandparents, Dr. and Mrs. W. P. Ard.

Joseph Ard made a trip by auto to Reading, beginning of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Orwig and children from Aaronsburg spent the Sabbath at the home of Cloyd Fiedler.

Mrs. Phoebe Wise is having a new roof put on her house.

Rev. Kessler will move to Rebersburg Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Winkleblech and Miss Alma Berry from Fiedler spent the Sabbath at the home of A. M. Yearick.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Meyer from Coburn Sundayed at the home of James Weaver.

After spending a month with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Moyer, Miss Blanche Barner returned to her home in Cincinnati, Ohio, Saturday.

Miss Florence Guisewite from Fiedler spent Sunday with her friend, Miss Grace Treaster.

Edward Sheesley and Mrs. Wm. Glantz are on the sick list.

Master Ralph Sheesley is making his home this summer with A. C. Stifler in Lewisburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Benner and daughter, Miss Florence, were to Millheim one day last week.

New Courses for Summer Students

Nine courses never before offered during the summer session have been added to the curriculum of the summer school at the Pennsylvania State College, according to an announcement issued by Dr. E. R. Smith, acting director. The session will open June 28, continuing six weeks, through August 6.

More than 1,000 students are expected to attend the session.

A SPREADING DROUGHT.

"Dry" Area Largely Increased in Western Part of Country in Recent Election.

The "dry" area of the country was appreciably enlarged in the western local elections of Tuesday of last week. A net gain of three counties in Illinois puts more than half the counties on the side of Prohibition. No fewer than thirteen of the sixteen counties voting on the question in Michigan went "dry" and reduced the "wet" territory to less than half the counties in that State. In Wisconsin the gains were all on the side of no license, the losses all on the other side.

Prohibition is now a movement of few setbacks and many advances. Never before in the United States has the liquor traffic been so widely illegalized as it is to-day.

Where the movement will stop it is too early to predict. Heretofore Prohibition has had many promising starts, only to meet later on with equally strong reactionary forces. But heretofore it has been a movement of impulse and emotionalism, while now it has an increasingly powerful industrial backing, which is mightily strengthened by the war test of Russia, the action of France and the testimony of official England to the alcoholic impairment of industrial efficiency.

A Prohibition which is born only of the stress of war may not long outlast the war. But there runs with or without it all a growth of individual temperance which will abide whatever becomes of the effort to impose abstinence upon the unwilling by mere fiat of law.

STATEMENT OF OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC. OF THE CENTRE REPORTER.

Published Weekly at Centre Hall, Pa.
(Required by the Act of August 24, 1912.)
Name of Editors—S. W. Smith, Edw. E. Bailey
Managing Editor—S. W. Smith
Business Manager—Edw. E. Bailey
Publishers—Smith & Bailey

Known bondholders, mortgages and other security holders, none.

SMITH & BAILEY.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 31st day of March, 1915.

D. A. BOOZER, Centre Hall, Pa.
(My commission expires February 15, 1919.)

MCMXV MCMXV

ANNOUNCEMENT

Spring Mills Summer Normal

WILL OPEN APRIL 26th

Write for terms in either course to—

W. R. JONES, A. B., PRINCIPAL
Spring Mills, Pa.

Bell Telephone

MCMXV MCMXV

SPECIALS--at Emery's Store

Hot House Fancy Lettuce - 18c lb.
Oranges - - - 25c to 35c doz.
Cabbage - - - - - 2c lb.
Fancy Celery - - 8c to 10c Bunch
Onion Sets - - - 8c lb. (or qt.)
Home Cured Country Hams for sale.
"Salvat" for your Stock, 75c for 10 lbs., $1.25 for 20 lbs., $5.00 for 100 lbs.

BARGAINS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

LETTUCE, CELERY AND OYSTERS
FRIDAY OF EACH WEEK

GIVE US A CALL

C. F. EMERY, Centre Hall

Spring Opening at Nieman's Store

SATURDAY, APRIL 17th

A complete and comprehensive Display of all the newest and best styles in Spring and Summer apparel for men, young men and boys.

Our display this spring is of special interest to every man and boy in this vicinity because the qualities are unusually good, the new models exhibit in a very pleasing way the latest style creations and the prices are less than equal quality has cost heretofore.

So it will be with more than ordinary enthusiasm that we will greet you on the day of our formal Spring show day. We know you will enjoy the pleasure of genuine satisfaction that comes from seeing something you will need soon priced so very reasonable that you can easily afford to buy it.

Now, we welcome you to come a'visiting--get acquainted as it were-with the many new things we have in men's wear for the coming Spring and Summer.

To the public in general I will say that I am back at the old stand and we think it hardly necessary to introduce ourselves as everybody in this county knows D. J. Nieman; knows that for twenty years he has dealt with the people in an honest and business-like manner. Upon his return to Millheim he extends to you a cordial invitation to come and visit his store and an effort will be made to please you in every respect. Our stock of goods is larger than ever before and our prices are at rock bottom.

SPECIAL NOTICE—During the opening days we will not offer ice cream or flowers, or small trinkets for souvenirs—good thinking people do not care for them. We will, however, give you a

Special Low Price on the Opening Day

D. J. NIEMAN, - - MILLHEIM

A NEW LINE OF

Percales, Ginghams and White Goods

just received. Pretty pattern in colored goods. You should see these goods before thinking of doing your spring sewing.

KREAMER & SON
CENTRE HALL, PA.

LADIES'
"FITZ-EZY" SHOES
will cure corns!

SOLD ONLY AT
YEAGER'S SHOE STORE
BELLEFONTE

NEW HEAD FOR HIGHWAY DEP'T.

Governor Names Robert J. Cunningham to Succeed Bigelow—Appropriation o 188,-500,000 for Highways.

Robert J. Cunningham of Pittsburgh was named as State Highway Commissioner Tuesday night by Governor Brumbaugh and was confirmed by the Senate simultaneously with the introduction of the administration highway bill carrying an appropriation of $8,500,000. Cunningham is county controller of Allegheny county and has been prominent in business and politics for many years. His name has been prominently mentioned for the post ever since Bigelow's retirement.

The appropriation made an allowance of about $300 a mile per year for all state highways, was introduced in the Senate Tuesday by Senator Sproul. The bill was introduced after a long conference late in the day between Governor Brumbaugh and its sponsor.

The appropriation is the largest ever asked for the highway department since the Sproul road bill went into effect. The sum does not include the money needed to administer the department or the automobile license bureau, it having been decided to take care of these expenses in the general appropriation bill.

It was announced immediately after the conference with Governor Brumbaugh that the proposed measure was agreed upon by the Governor, Senator Sproul, chairman of the Senate finance committee; Senator Kurtz, of the Senate roads committee; Senator Buckman and Representative Woodward, chairman of the appropriation committee of both branches, and Representative Jones, of the House committee on roads.

All the roads specified in the act of 1911 and its amendments are to be retained as the nucleus of the highway system and $6 000,000 is specifically appropriated for the maintenance and improvement of these roads. Deputy Commissioner Hunter and Chief Engineer Uhler have said this sum will provide funds for some permanent work and enough to keep the roads in good condition.

Two million dollars is divided equally between funds set aside for maintenance and construction of State aid roads and payment of the State's share of maintenance of township roads. For the purchase of turnpike on State route $500 000 is appropriated.

Specific provision is made that the appropriation is not to be in addition to but to include the moneys derived from licensing automobiles. This is to prevent another legal tangle similar to the one now before the State Supreme court in the appeal taken from the decision of the Dauphin county court by the Auditor General and the State Treasurer.

Examination at Spring Mills.

Entrance examination at Spring Mills, Friday, April 23rd, at 8 a m. Candidates for grammar and High school be present promptly, provided with pencil and paper.—W. R. Jones, Principal.

LOCALS

Superintendent D. O. Etters visited the borough schools on Wednesday.

Work on the erection of fire escape on the bank building was commenced Wednesday.

Miss Grace Smith is in State College where she is working at the hairdressing art.

A new Victrola was placed in the home of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Emerick, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Bradford attended the funeral of Mrs. Al. Rishel, at Axemann, on Tuesday.

Today (Thursday) is the fiftieth anniversary of the death of President Lincoln—place your flag at half-mast.

Digging of the cesspool on the bank property has been suspended owing to the incoming of water. Drilling will be done.

The Mission Band of the United Evangelical church at Linden Hall will give an entertainment Saturday night.

A number of local nimrods will hie to the mountain streams early this morning in quest of the speckled beauties.

John D. Meyer spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. D J. Meyer, making the trip from Altoona in his new Buick car.

The second corps of civil engineers are going over the Brush Valley road between Centre Hall and Mifflinburg. This crew's work is to give the levels.

Misses Sadie and Mary Potter moved to Linden Hall on Tuesday and will occupy the home they purchased from John Weibly. Lester Noll will begin housekeeping where the Misses Potter vacated.

Two young fellows of Orviston were placed in the jail at Bellefonte, Sunday morning, on a serious charge preferred by B. J. Confer, the liveryman at Beech Creek. The young men had hired a horse and buggy to drive to Howard, but went beyond the bounds to their privilege, driving at breakneck speed, and at a point along the Bald Eagle creek the animal fell in the road dead. The indications show that hard driving caused the horse's death.

DR. RUNKLE RESIGNS PASTORATE

Resignation Accepted to Take Effect April 21, Prior to His Removal to Jeannette.

The following is reprinted from the Newport (Perry county) News, and refers to a minister born and reared in Potter township:

Rev. James McClellan Runkle, Ph D, pastor of the Reformed church of the Incarnation of Newport for about seven years, presented his resignation at the regular monthly meeting of the Consistory Tuesday evening. The resignation, which also included the request to join the pastor in a petition to Carlisle Classis for a special session to dissolve the present pastoral relations and dismiss him to Westmoreland Classis was accepted, with expressions of regret.

Dr. Runkle was elected pastor of Grace Reformed church, Jeannette, Westmoreland county, February 21, subsequently receiving the official call. Although strong pressure has been ever since brought to bear upon him to remain, he said he believed it to be his duty to accept the call to Jeannette. He has also repeatedly said that were he to consider his personal feelings and those of his family he would remain. His pastoral relations here will end with the church at never a higher degree of efficiency than at present and largest membership in its history. He will take to his new field of labor the best wishes of the people of the town, irrespective of denomination. As a preacher, he is excelled by none, which is universally admitted, his ministerial brethren, as well as all others according him "frontline" position.

A special meeting of Carlisle Classis will be held in the church here on April 21, at which time Dr. Runkle's resignation will take effect and he dismissed to Westmoreland Classis.

Report of Seventh Month of School.

The seventh month of school for three of the four grades in the borough schools came to a close Friday. A number of scholars continue to be placed on the honor roll for steady attendance throughout the term.

Intermediate School—Whole number in attendance during month, male 18, female 18, total 36. Average attendance during month, male 16, female 15, total 31. Average attendance during term till date, male 17, female 16, total 33. Per cent. of attendance during month, male 94, female 92, total 93. Per cent. of attendance during term till date, male 95, female 94, total 95. Whole number of days attendance during term till date, male 2398½; female 2352, total 4750½. Pupils present every day during month: Isaiah Emery, William Sweetwood, Fred Lucas, Howard Emery, Harold Breon, Albert Smith, Paul Fetterolf, Franklin Ruble, John Lutz, Albert Emery, Ralph Owens, Gertrude Ruble, Hazel Ripka, Beatrice Kramer, Helen Lucas, Anna Garis. Pupils present every day during term till date: Isaiah Emery, Fred Lucas, Howard Emery, Harold Breon, Albert Smith, Paul Fetterolf, Franklin Ruble, Albert Emery, Hazel Ripka. Visitors, H. G. Strohmeier, Miss Helen Packer.

Grammar School—Whole number in attendance during month, male 10, female 16, total 26. Average attendance during month, male 9, female 14, total 23. Average attendance during term, male 9, female 15, total 24. Per cent. of attendance during month, male 90, female 90, total 90. Per cent. of attendance during term, male 93, female 95, total 94. Pupils present every day during month: Margaret Emery, Gladys Jones, Carrie Mitterling, Pearl Ruble, Ruth Parsons, Rebecca Kreamer. Pupils present every day during term: Pearl Ruble and Ruth Parsons.

Transfers of Real Estate.

Elsie L. Geiss et al to S W. Smith, tract of land in Centre Hall boro, $2 200

Cyrus Brungart et ux to William Bower, 2 tracts of land in Potter twp. $7 500

John H. Weber et ux to William F. Bradford, 3 tracts of land in Centre Hall boro. $11 000

Perry W. Breon et ux to Charles D. Bartholomew, tract of land in Potter twp. $6 275.

John D. Lucas et ux to John W. Whiteman, tract of land in Centre Hall boro. $900

James C Smith to G. E. Miller, tract of land in Millheim boro. $1 400.

H. H. Weiser et ux to J. C. Smith, tract of land in Millheim boro. $25

John Stoner et ux to H. H. Weiser, tract of land in Millheim boro. $90

William Bilger to A. D. Smeltzer, tract of land in Spring twp. $7 750

A. D. Smeltzer to Homer D. Decker, tract of land in Spring twp. $6 500

William F. Weaver et ux to Laura C. Gill, tract of land in Spring twp. $900

Harry E Harter et ux to Merril W. Kerstetter, tract of land in Spring twp. $883 12

Harvey L. Truckmiller et ux to Merle W. Kerstetter, tract of land in Spring twp. $5,700.

Frank Wion et ux to Andrew C. Jodon, tract of land in Spring twp. $5 000

Commissioners of Centre county to Andrew G Liebgdn, tract of land in Spring twp. $3 00

Clara M. Heister et bar to M. H. Grove, tract of land in Spring twp. $2 000

George P. Rishel et al to Alfred M. Rishel, 4 tracts of land in Spring, Benner & Potter twps $10 250.

Bella Gray et ux to Alonzo R Bickle, tract of land in Patton twp. $6,150

LEE'S SURRENDER.

50th Anniversary of the Occasion Fittingly Observed by High School and Post.

Gregg Post, in connection with the Bellefonte High School, on Friday, celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of the surrender of Lee. The program was well prepared and was entered upon with feeling by the youths who make up the High School in whose school building it was rendered, the veterans who participated in the struggle on the side of the North, as well as those who since rose to prominence.

The principal speaker was Judge Ellis L. Orvis. Other speakers were Col. D. F. Fortney, Col. H. S. Taylor, Clement Dale, Esq., and Dr. Hawes. The High School orchestra furnished the music. The assembly room was well filled, and among these were B. D. Brisbin and Capt. G. M. Boal, both of whom did their part in bringing about the incident of a half century past.

Never did the wounds of a great civil war heal so rapidly as did the wounds of the American conflict, and never did such terrible wounds leave so few scars. The memory of Abraham Lincoln is cherished today in the South no less than in the North. Everywhere throughout the country Robert E Lee is recognized as the ideal of soldier-chivalry, without fear and without reproach. Everywhere Ulysses S. Grant is regarded as the embodiment of democracy in war.

This anniversary of Appomattox finds the United States again with a Southern-born President.

The present Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court was a private soldier in the Confederate army, and sitting beside him on the bench is an Associate Justice who was a Captain in the Union army.

The Secretary of the Navy and the Postmaster General are from states that seceded in 1861. The Secretary of the Treasury and the Speaker of the House of Representatives were born in slave states. The majority leader of the House is from the South, and the man who has just relinquished the majority leadership to enter the Senate is from a State among the first to leave the Union.

It is possible that Lord Bryce was right when he said that a higher statesmanship might have averted the Civil War; but the reunited country that followed so closely upon the death and devastation of this great conflict was the supreme expression of the political wisdom of the American people. When the South accepted the result, the hand of the North was stayed. Vast armies were immediately reabsorbed into the civil life of the country. The sound political instincts of the people rejected the radical proposals to "make treason odious" by sending to prison or to the gallows men who had participated in the rebellion. Organized bloodshed ended with the war itself, and the radicalism that purposed to follow war with a reign of terror was cheated of its prey.

Appomattox decided slavery and secession; but it decided more. It decided, in the words of Lincoln, "that among freeman there can be no successful appeal from the ballot to the bullet." That is the immortal lesson of the Civil War. Upon that principle rests the whole structure of democracy and free institutions—upon it rests the Republic.

DIXON'S HEALTH TALK.

Abstinence from Coffee and Tea Would Result in Physical Gain, Says Commissioner.

Coffee and tea are the two beverages used almost universally by the adult population throughout the civilized and semi-civilized world.

It is impossible to say how many tens of millions of dollars are expended upon them annually. Although their use has steadily increased they might be discontinued by the multitudes who have formed the habit without the loss of any benefit and in the majority of cases abstinence would result in distinct physical gain.

Neither coffee or tea are to be considered foods. Both are stimulants and it is this which is responsible for their popularity. As with all other stimulants there is a continual tendency to over indulgence because a moderate allowance after a time fails to give the necessary incitement to the nervous system.

While the mind is often stimulated to good work for a short time by coffee or tea any stimulus which they give is transitory for there is a period of depression following the use of all stimulants. Experiments have shown that over indulgence in both have a tendency in the long run to dull the working of the mind.

A moderate use may not be followed by any noticeable ill effect but nervousness and disturbances of the digestive system is almost certain to follow the excessive use of either. Tea has an astringent action which is often harmful.

Any value which might follow from the use of a warm beverage with meals, where the majority of the food is below the body temperature, is probably offset by this action. Hot water or the "cambric tea" (hot water, whole milk and sugar) of our childhood days if far better.

Many people rely upon coffee and tea almost entirely as beverages and fail to drink the proper quantity of pure water.

Mrs. Louisa Hanselman Dead.

Mrs. Louisa Hanselman died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. W. C. Byers, at Rockville, Miles township, Thursday of last week, of tuberculosis and arterial rheumatism, aged fifty-nine years. Her body was shipped to Union county and burial made in the Foresthill cemetery, Monday after noon. Her husband, William Hausselman, is employed in Union county. She was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Weit and was born in Brush Valley. Surviving her are her husband and seven children.

CANDY

WE have the finest line of candies in town at prices to suit. 20, 40 and 60 cents per lb.

Box trade a specialty.

Try our After Dinner Mints.

H. A. DODSON

See me for best prices on all sizes of

WATER PIPES

-also-

PUMPS and REPAIRS

Everything in the Plumbing Line—bathroom fixtures, etc., at lowest prices.

S. J. ROWE

Centre Hall, Pa.

CYRUS BRUNGART

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRE HALL, PA.

Special attention given to collecting. Legal writings of all classes, including deeds, mortgages agreements, etc; marriage licenses and hunter's licenses secured, and all matters pertaining to the office attended to promptly. oct8,1yr,pd

FOR SALE—Extra fine Holstein cow; also a thoroughbred Holstein heifer calf by her side. Inquire of S. M. CAMPBELL, Millheim. Both 'phones. 1t.

REDUCED PRICE—S. C. W. L. Hatching eggs greatly reduced in price. A few day-old chicks now for sale.—CHAS. D. BARTHOLOMEW, Centre Hall, Pa. 14.o.17

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following accounts will be presented to the Court for confirmation, Wednesday, May 19th, 1915, and unless exceptions be filed thereto on or before May 18th, 1915, the same will be confirmed, to-wit:

The fourth and partial account of L. C. Carrier, Com. of Arthur Evans, a lunatic.

The first account of Thomas A. Fletcher, guardian of Eliza Haines.

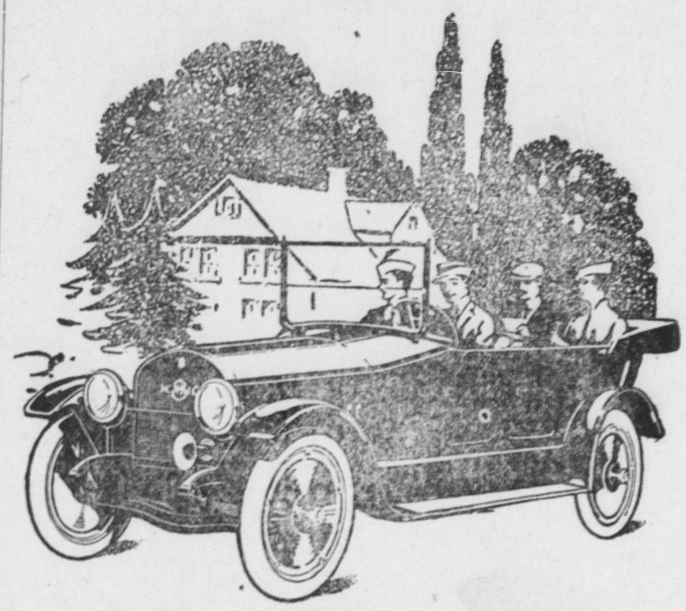
The first and final account of N. B. Spangler, assignee of H. E. Bierly, of Miles Twp.

D. R. FOREMAN, Prothonotary.

April 15th, 1915. 15.o.17

LOST—Four geese—three hens and a gander. Left my premises on Monday during my absence. Flight taken is unknown. Finder please communicate with me. GUY S. BROOKS, Centre Hall, Pa.

KING



L. L. SMITH, Dealer

CENTRE HALL, PA.

A demonstration will convince you of its superior qualities—a car with few equals at the price. Call Bell phone.

Spring Work on the Big Farm

--or on the small farm for that matter, is made easy when you can place absolute confidence in your machinery. To do the work well and relieve the farmer of all unnecessary trouble and worry are the things which count most in machinery for the farm.

You Can't Go Wrong in Buying any of these Machines for Your Farm

Syracuse Walking and Riding Plows, and Oliver Plows.

Lever Spring Tootn Harrows, Spike Harrows, Perry Harrows, Imperial and Johnson single and double Disc Harrows.

Steel and Wood Drum Land Rollers.

Single and double Clod Crushers.

Black Hawk Corn Planter, with or without fertilizer attachment.

Albright spring tooth and spring shovel Cultivator, Buckeye high and low wheel Cultivators.

Missouri Grain Drill.

Johnston Mowers, Rakes, Combined Side Rake and Tedder.

Lancaster Side Rake.

Gearless, Hocking Valley, John Deer and Dain Hay Loaders.

Johnston Binders.

New Idea, Nisco and John Deer Manure Spreaders.

Frost King Gasoline Engines

New Stoughton Wagons—a lot of them just received.

Farm Barrows, garden Barrows, lime and stone Barrows.

Corn Shellers.

—And anything in the machine line you want we have or will get for you.

CAR WIRE FENCING--Barbed Wire, Smooth Wire, Woven Wire and Lawn Fence. All sizes of staples and nails.

ROOFING — Steel and Ashphalt

CEMENT — A carload just received

BRICK, SAND and STONE in stock

Seeds--The Purest Varieties of Clover and Alsike Seeds--Seeds

FLOUR AND FEED, STOCK TONICS

Bran, Middlings, Oil Meal, Cotton Seed Meal, Dairy Feed, Chop, Cracked Corn, Cornmeal, Scratch Feed, Grit and Charcoal, "Clover" Brand Stock Tonic

Wheat, Corn, Oats, Barley and Rye Bought and Sold at all times

Coal: ALL SIZES OF HARD COAL; Screened, Lump, and Run-of mine BITUMINOUS COAL.

Anything wanted not mentioned here will be gotten on short notice. Come and see us before pou buy or sell.

BRADFORD & SON, Centre Hall

KEYSTONE STATE IN SHORT ORDER

Latest News Happenings Gathered From Here and There.

TOLD IN SHORT PARAGRAPHS

Dynamite Explosion Kills Man; Maims One—Two Killed Under Train Near Allentown — Boy, Lassoed, Killed By Jitney.

At the annual meeting of the Reading Visiting Nurse Association, reports showed that 11,862 visits to the sick and afflicted of the city, were made the last year. The annual election resulted as follows: President, P. R. Stetson; vice-president, Mrs. J. L. Swayze; secretary, Mrs. A. D. Nelson; treasurer, Charles H. Hunter; directors, Mrs. H. M. Sternbergh, Mrs. John J. Kutz, Mrs. Howard Freese, Mrs. William Rees, Rev. C. P. Harry, H. J. Hayden, John Saylor and S. F. Guss.

Rev. G. E. Forsberg, pastor of the Bethany Swedish Lutheran Church of Erie, and his daughter, Lillian, twenty, are dying in a hospital from injuries sustained when their automobile turned over. The accident occurred when Rev. Mr. Forsberg turned the automobile toward a curb to avoid striking a child on roller skates. Each of the victims sustained a fractured skull. Two small sons of Rev. Mr. Forsberg were hurt severely.

The Legal Committee, of the Chamber of Commerce, headed by former Mayor William Rick, visited the Attorney General at Harrisburg, to ascertain what legislation would be necessary to have the Reading prison changed to a short term institution. This is with a view of having it ultimately removed from City Park and rebuilt on the County Home farm and of having the present building used as a public museum and art gallery.

Amos Slothrour, fifty years old, was blown to pieces and Clair Stine, thirty years, was seriously injured by the explosion of a bucketful of dynamite on the farm of the latter, near Abbottstown. The men were blasting holes for tree planting when Slothrour, carrying the bucket, came too near as a shot was being fired. The explosion shook the town like an earthquake.

Frank H. Keifer, forty years old, of West Catasauqua, was killed instantly and Dennis A. Ferry, aged thirty-seven, of Allentown, died in the hospital when his legs were severed above the knees as the result of being run over while inspecting cars on the Catasauqua & Fogelsville Railroad.

Joseph Hummel, died at Helfenstein. He was the father of twenty-four children and had been three times married. He was 78 years old, and is survived by his widow, thirteen children, seventy grandchildren and twenty-eight great grandchildren. He had been blind several years.

The homes of Howard Diehl and Raymond Yeager, of Allentown, were burned out in a fire that started in a clothes closet in the apartments of the former. Mrs. Diehl, who is a bride of only a week, notified neighbors of the blaze, and fainted.

After suffering four days, Charles J. Deahler, burned four days ago while at work at the Pennsylvania Trojan Powder Mills, at Iron Bridge, died at the Allentown Hospital. He was thirty-seven years old, and leaves a wife and young daughter.

Florence Miller, ten-year-old daughter of John Miller, of Kempton, submitted to a delicate operation at St. Joseph's Hospital, Reading, a piece of bone being removed from her leg and grafted to her arm to take the place of a piece diseased.

Three weeks after entering upon his duties as caretaker of the Summit Hotel, a fashionable resort on Mt. Penn, Jacob Stupp, seventy-two years old, former well-known farmer of Heidelberg Township, Berks county, was found dead of heart failure.

Run down by a jitney bus on the Brick Boulevard in Juniata, Walter Otto, aged six, died of a fractured skull. A half dozen boys were playing "circus," one lassoed Otto and he ran into the street in front of the jitney.

Edward J. Boyle, of Lehighton, a section foreman for the Central Railroad of New Jersey, was married to Miss Anna McConnell, by Rev. Regnery, pastor of SS. Peter and Paul's Catholic Church.

Dr. Calvin Neyes Kendall, Commissioner of Education of New Jersey, will be the orator at the Muhlenberg College commencement of June 17.

Although the Lehigh Canal opened with every indication for a very busy season, boatmen are dissatisfied with the wages and are on strike.

Going into the barn to call her husband for supper, Mrs. Llewellyn Adams of Allentown, was kicked in the face by a horse and lost three teeth.

STATE LAW MAKERS

Harrisburg.—The House bill providing for the semi-monthly payment of county employes in Philadelphia, which was deafeated in the Senate last week, was reconsidered by that body and passed finally. The bill now goes to the Governor.

Other bills passed finally include the following:

Giving banking companies the right to bring suit and maintain an action either at law or in equity and to maintain any action already brought for the recovery or possession of property bought the same as an individual could do.

House bill making the libellant in divorce suits on the ground of desertion a competent witness generally.

House bill repealing the Act of June 1, 1911, taxing traction engines.

House bill authorizing the Department of Forestry to grow and distribute young trees.

The bill providing for the retirement of State employes on half pay in case of disability was read the second time in the Senate, as was also the bill creating a new moving picture censorship law.

The four bills amending the present laws relating to the construtcion of moving picture buildings in Philadelphia, passed first reading.

The bill creating a liquor license commission in Schuylkill County, which was defeated in the Senate, was reconsidered and placed on the postponed calendar.

These bills were recommitted to committees by the Senate:

To bring the anthracite mine workers under the proposed workmen's compensation Act.

Preventing the charging of commissions for the placing of building and loan association mortgages.

Repeal of so much of the blue laws of 1794 as relates to the sale or delivery of the necessaries of life on Sunday.

House bill providing a pension fund for county employes in Philadelphia.

Among the bills reported from committee to the Senate were the following:

Authorizing the Second Regiment to visit the San Francisco Exposition.

Creating a State Racing Commission.

Providing for the payment of city employes of Philadelphia semi-monthly.

A bill was introduced in the Senate making evidence as to the register number of a motor vehicle prima facie evidence as to the ownership in certain civil cases by Senator Mills, of Bradford County. The bill further provides:

"In any civil proceedings for injury done by a motor vehicle the register number displayed on the vehicle shall be prima facie evidence.

"If in any hearing or proceeding the owner shall testify under oath or affirmation that he was not operating the motor vehicle at the time of the occurrence of the alleged injury and shall submit himself to an examination as to who at that time was actually operating the motor vehicle and reveal the name of the person, if known, then the prima facie evidence arising from the register number shall be overcome and removed and the burden of proof shifted."

Other bills introduced include:

Burke, Allegheny.—Increasing the salary of the chief of the Department of Mines from $4000 to $7000 a year, and that of the deputy chief from $3000 to $4000; also, a bill restricting the right to kill hunting dogs that are caught chasing protected game.

McNichol, Philadelphia.—Appropriating $35,000 to the Philadelphia Osteophathic Hospital.

Mills, Bradford.—Appropriating $25,000 to establish secondary schools throughout the State for the purpose of increasing the scope and efficiency of the extension work of State College in agriculture and home economics.

Farley, Philadelphia.—Giving the wage earner the right to file a lien against a new building or an alteration or repair, notwithstanding any contract to the contrary between the owner and contractor.

Kline, Allegheny.—Creating a pension fund for county employes in Allegheny County.

Sensenich, Westmoreland.—Authorizing the attachment of wages or salary on judgments obtained for necessaries and limiting the amount of exemption to be claimed.

Snyder, Schuylkill.—Licensing and regulating employment agencies through the State Department of Labor and Industry; also, a bill establishing a bureau of employment in that department with a director at $4000 a year.

Party Name Bill Passes.

The election bill introduced by Senator McNichol, Philadelphia, which provides for the arranging of party names on the ballot according to the vote cast at the last general election, was passed finally by the Senate and sent to the House.

Under the present law the ballot is arranged according to the vote cast at the last presidential election when the Democratic party polled the largest number of votes and was given the first place on the ballot. At the last general election, November, 1914, the Republican party polled the largest vote and under the bill just passed that party would have first place on the ballot.

SHECKARD PLAYS SUPERSTITION TO WIN

Artie Hofman, Brooklyn Fed Outfielder.

(By ARTIE HOFMAN.)

The thing that sticks in my mind as perhaps the funniest I ever saw on a ball field happened when I was with the Cubs and Jimmy Sheckard was playing out there in the pasture beside me.

Sheck was, perhaps, the best man at playing for batters the game ever has known. Much of his great success was due to the fact he played right where batters hit the ball. But this time things had been breaking badly for him.

One day we were playing Pittsburgh. At the end of one inning I glanced over into left field. There was Sheckard with his eyes shut, whirling around and around, and finally he let his glove fly. I wondered what was coming off, until I saw Sheck walk to where the glove had fallen way over in short left within an inch or two of the foul line.

Then it dawned upon me that Sheck had shut his eyes, thrown the glove, and was going to play where it lighted. I doubled up laughing over his plan, then saw Tommy Leach coming to bat. Leach caught one right on the nose and sent it over Steinfeldt's head on the line. He tore around first, sprinted for second and looked to see how far the ball had gone just in time to see Sheckard tossing it back. The drive had gone straight into Sheck's hands!

Tommy was the maddest man you ever saw. Sheck's superstition had robbed him of a sure three-base hit—and, as it turned out, saved Chicago the game.

SPEAKER MADE DOUBLE PLAY

Boston Red Sox Outfielder on Two Occasions Last Year Retired Players Without Assistance.

Tris Speaker is the only major league outfielder who last year executed a double play without assistance from anyone.

Not once, but twice, has Boston's high-salaried star turned this trick. The first time Speaker made an unassisted double play was on April 21, in the game with the Athletics. On August 8, in a contest with the Tigers, Tris Speaker repeated his earlier performance.

Speaker was born in Hubbard City, Tex., April 4, 1888. He became a professional ball player in 1906, when he joined the Cleburne, Tex., team.

Tris Speaker of Boston Red Sox.

In 1907 he played with Houston. At the close of the season he was purchased by Boston and turned over to Little Rock the following spring as ground rent man, the Red Sox having trained on the Little Rock grounds.

At the close of the Southern league season Speaker was repurchased by Boston for $500 and joined the Red Sox late in the season of 1908.

Speaker is one of the greatest hitters in baseball, having had a batting average of .300 or better each season since leaving Cleburne.

Herzog a Golf Fiend.

Charley Herzog, the manager of the Reds, has become so badly afflicted with golfitis that he has about decided to quit raising crops on his Maryland farm and will have the farm laid out as a golf course. "Never could see the sport in golf until I got a club in my hand one day," says Herzog. "I used to think it was child's play to knock that innocent looking ball a couple of miles. Well, just for exercise I swung at the ball with a club that belonged to a friend of mine. I missed. That made me vexed. I swung again—and I swung low. That time I nearly knocked the bottom out of the tee. What's the use of going farther? Golf got me like it does nearly everybody else."

Announce Batting Order.

National league umpires will be required to announce the entire batting order before the games this summer. This is a helpful innovation that is sure to gain favor.

NOTES of the DIAMOND

Jim Gilmore says Jake Ruppert is hitched up to a lemon in the New York Yankees.

* * *

Manager Branch Rickey of the St. Louis Browns is a great advocate of handball.

* * *

George Stallings, manager of the Braves, is anxious to land a substitute infielder for his club.

* * *

The Pirates are congratulating themselves on having signed a youngster by the name of Hans Wagner.

* * *

Marty O'Toole says he likes Columbus—which explains, perhaps, why he did not succeed in a major league.

* * *

Little Louis Van Zelt, the hunchback mascot of the Athletics, is dead. He was famous all over the big league circuits.

* * *

Cleveland is planning a municipal kick bureau. We sincerely hope it does not include a department of professional baseball.

* * *

Bob Tebeau, son of President George Tebeau of the Kansas City association club, has succeeded John Savage as secretary of the club.

* * *

The St. Louis Cards and the Pittsburgh Pirates both have pitchers who wear spectacles. They will need double lenses to see a pennant.

* * *

The first deal made by the new management of the St. Paul American association club was the sale of Pitcher Dixie Walker to Milwaukee.

* * *

Sherwood Magee's shoulder will not trouble him during the season, according to the Braves' physician.

* * *

The Cincinnati Reds are certainly well fortified in the matter of catchers. In Ivy Wingo and Charley Dooin they have two first-class backstops.

* * *

Napoleon Lajoie who is with the Athletics, is the only player in the American league who entered the ranks in 1901, who is still in harness.

* * *

Chicago is the greatest baseball city in the world. It has over six hundred organized clubs. The level ground and the large number of vacant lots make Chicago the paradise of ball players.

* * *

Charles Mullen is to be given every opportunity to battle for his job with the Highlanders even though Walter Pipp has been signed. If Mullen hits as he did at Lincoln he would hold on.

* * *

Nemo Liebold of the Cleveland Indians denied he intended jumping to the Feds. Birmingham contends that these rumors of a player jumping hurt the player and get him in wrong with the fans.

FANS DESIRE SNAPPIER PLAY

Athletics' Games Consumed More Time Than Any Other Club—Keeps Attendance Down.

Athletic fans are wondering whether with the chasing away of all of Connie Mack's old pitchers, and many of the other veterans and the filling of their places with young players, they will be able to get home in time for dinner occasionally during the coming season. If the same old order of things continues at Shibe park it is a sure thing that the Athletics' attendance will suffer again this year.

Last season strangely enough the Athletics' games consumed more time than those in any other city of the country. The fans complained, the newspapers knocked and criticized, Ban Johnson came on and investigated, the games were started earlier, but the slowness continued. The Athletic club officials tried every means in their power. They ordered the players to hustle, the pitchers to work faster and even asked the umpires to go the limit in speeding up the games, but without avail.

Some blamed the two veteran pitchers, Plank and Bender. They were watched and timed. While Plank, especially, and Bender sometimes, did work more slowly according to the timing, and took more pains with their pitching, there was nothing to indicate that this was the main defect. The Athletic club knows that it hurt the attendance, but are anxious to see whether the new lot of young players and especially pitchers can remedy the trouble.

The daily starting time last season was moved back to 3:30 in the long days of summer, but games of nine innings dragged to 6:30 and later. On one occasion the first game of a double-header started at 1:30 on Saturday and lasting only 11 innings went on until five minutes past five.

SKETCH OF DERRILL PRATT

Second Basemen of St. Louis Browns First Attracted Attention as Member of College Team.

Derrill Pratt, the brilliant young second baseman of the St. Louis Browns, was born in Walhalla, S. C., January 10, 1889, and first attracted attention as a member of Georgia Tech. College team in 1906. In 1907, 1908 and 1909, he played with the University of Alabama.

After leaving college he joined the Montgomery club of the Southern league, and played with that club until May 15, 1910, when he threw his arm away. This caused Montgomery to

Derrill Pratt.

send him to Hattiesburg of the Cotton States league. After one month there he regained his arm and was resold to Montgomery. He finished the 1910 season there and was a sensation in 1911, until purchased by the Browns late in the year.

In 1912 Pratt at once cinched the second base place on the Browns, and his work with this demoralized team stood out brilliantly.

He has improved each season and is now one of the most dangerous long distance hitters in the game. He bats and throws right-handed, stands about five feet eleven inches in height, and weighs 172 pounds.

Southpaws Are Lacking.

"The lack of left-handed pitchers was one of the main reasons for the heavy hitting in the Federal league last season," said Dick Carroll, business manager of the Brooklyn Federals. "The league was top-heavy with left-handed hitters and very shy on left-handed pitchers.

"Conditions will be a bit different this year, however. There are more southpaw pitchers on the Federal rosters this year and I look for a slump in the hitting marks of some of the heavy hitters of last year."

Another Trial for Hinchman.

Bill Hinchman is back in the majors. Bill left the American league in 1909 and was said by some to be all in as a player. Now he is with the Pirates and his friends are wondering what he will do in fast company this time. He has been up a couple of times before only to be shunted back. Bill batted like a fiend in the American association. Last year with Columbus he whaled the ball for .366.

HELENA, MD., VICTIM HELPED WONDERFULLY

F. E. Reeder Thinks Remedy Is Worth Weight in Gold.

F. E. Reeder of Helena, Md., took Mayr's Wonderful Remedy for disorders of the digestive tract. He had tried many remedies and was skeptical. The very first dose of this treatment convinced him.

The results were astonishing. Mr Reeder wrote:

"Your remedy has helped me wonderfully. I have told a lot of people about your medicine and how it has helped me. It is worth its weight in gold. I will never be without it in my home."

Mayr's Wonderful Remedy gives permanent results for stomach, liver and intestinal ailments. Eat as much and whatever you like. No more distress after eating, pressure of gas in the stomach and around the heart. Get one bottle of your druggist now and try it on an absolute guarantee—if not satisfactory money will be returned.—Adv.

The Polite French.

Bacon—You know the French are very polite people.

Egbert—I have always heard so.

"Why, even when they take a German trench it is said they apologize."

CUTICURA SOAP BATHS

Followed by a Little Ointment for Baby's Tender Skin. Trial Free.

They afford infants and children great comfort, permit rest and sleep and point to speedy healment of eczemas, rashes, itchings, chafings and other sleep destroying skin troubles. Nothing better at any price for the nursery and toilet.

Sample each free by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. XY, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Explanation.

"Pa, what's a mailed fist?"

"It's the letter I am trying to make out just now, son."

Have You a Bad Back?

Does your back ache night and day, making work a burden and rest impossible? Do you suffer stabbing, darting pains when stooping or lifting? Most bad backs are due to hidden trouble in the kidneys and if the kidney secretions are scant or too frequent of passage, proof of kidney trouble is complete. Delay may pave the way to serious kidney ills. For bad backs and weak kidneys, use Doan's Kidney Pills—recommended the world over.

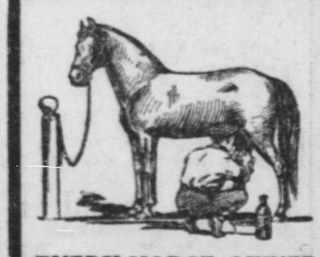
A Virginia Case

J. T. Fox, West St., Culpeper, Va., says: "I was laid up in bed for a week with disordered kidneys. My back ached almost constantly and the kidney secretions were irregular in passage. I tried much medicine, but got no relief until I took Doan's Kidney Pills. They restored me to good health."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.



EVERY HORSE OWNER SHOULD KEEP A BOTTLE OF

YAGER'S LINIMENT

There Is Nothing Just as Good For

SPAVIN	GALLS
SWEENY	SPRAINS
WOUNDS	SCRATCHES
SWELLINGS	COLLAR BOILS, &c.

SOME TESTIMONY:

"I unhesitatingly pronounce Yager's Liniment the most wonderful Horse Liniment I have ever used. Have been handling and training horses for speed for twenty years and have had hundreds of different brands of so-called horse remedies. I wish your Yager's Liniment the large sale it so well deserves, and recommend it most highly."

B. L. TUFT, Salem, N.J.

Driver and Trainer of Wm. Penn, Record, 2.12¾

LARGE BOTTLE, 25c., at Dealers

Prepared by

GILBERT BROS. & CO., INC.

BALTIMORE, MD.

GETS AT THE JOINTS FROM THE INSIDE

RHEUMACIDE

The Old Reliable Remedy

for acute, chronic or muscular

RHEUMATISM

Rheumatic Gout or Lumbago

RHEUMACIDE is not a preparation that gives only temporary relief, but it is designed to remove the cause and drives the poison from the system.

At All Druggists

WOMAN WOULD NOT GIVE UP

Though Sick and Suffering; At Last Found Help in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Richmond, Pa. — "When I started taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was in a dreadfully rundown state of health, had internal troubles, and was so extremely nervous and prostrated that if I had given in to my feelings I would have been in bed. As it was I had hardly strength at times to be on my feet and what I did do was by a great effort. I could not sleep at night and of course felt very bad in the morning, and had a steady headache.

"After taking the second bottle I noticed that the headache was not so bad, I rested better, and my nerves were stronger. I continued its use until it made a new woman of me, and now I can hardly realize that I am able to do so much as I do. Whenever I know any woman in need of a good medicine I highly praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound." — Mrs. FRANK CLARK, 3146 N. Tulip St., Richmond, Pa.

Women Have Been Telling Women

for forty years how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has restored their health when suffering with female ills. This accounts for the enormous demand for it from coast to coast. If you are troubled with any ailment peculiar to women why don't you try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound? It will pay you to do so. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Aeroplane Propellers.

Selected ash, which is both strong and light and will not split under vibration or shock, or built-up layers of spruce with mahogany centers, are the materials with which the propellers of aeroplanes such as are being used in the European war are constructed. The framework of the machines, too, is generally made of wood, spruce being much used on account of its straight grain and freedom from hidden defects.

Kill the Flies Now and Prevent

disease. A DAISY FLY KILLER will do it. Kills thousands. Lasts all season. All dealers or six sent express paid for $1. H. SOMERS, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. Adv.

That London Fog.

Church—What has London got to combat the German Zeppelins?

Gotham—Why, her well-known fog.

YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU Try Murine Eye Remedy for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids; No Smarting—just Eye comfort. Write for Book of the Eye by mail Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Probably every man on earth has rheumatism, dyspepsia or some other hobby.

Metal railway ties are used extensively in Switzerland.

Rheumatism

For Young and Old

The acute agonizing pain of rheumatism is soothed at once by Sloan's Liniment. Do not rub—it penetrates to the sore spot, bringing a comfort not dreamed of until tried. Get a bottle today.

RHEUMATISM

Here What Others Say:

"I highly recommend your Liniment as the best remedy for rheumatism I ever used. Before using it I spent large sums of money trying to get relief of the misery and pains in limbs and body, so I tried your Liniment both internal and external and I found quick relief, and now am well and strong again."—*Geo. Curtis, 225 N. 16th St., Springfield, Ill.*

Here's Proof

"I wish to write and tell you about a fall I had down fourteen steps, and bruised my neck and hip very bad. I could not sleep at all. I sent my wife for a 25 cent bottle of your Liniment and in two days' time I was on my feet again."—*Charles Hyde, 1525½ Prairie Ave., St. Louis, Mo.*

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

for neuralgia, sciatica, sprains and bruises.

All Druggists, 25c.

Send four cents in stamps for a TRIAL BOTTLE

Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Inc.

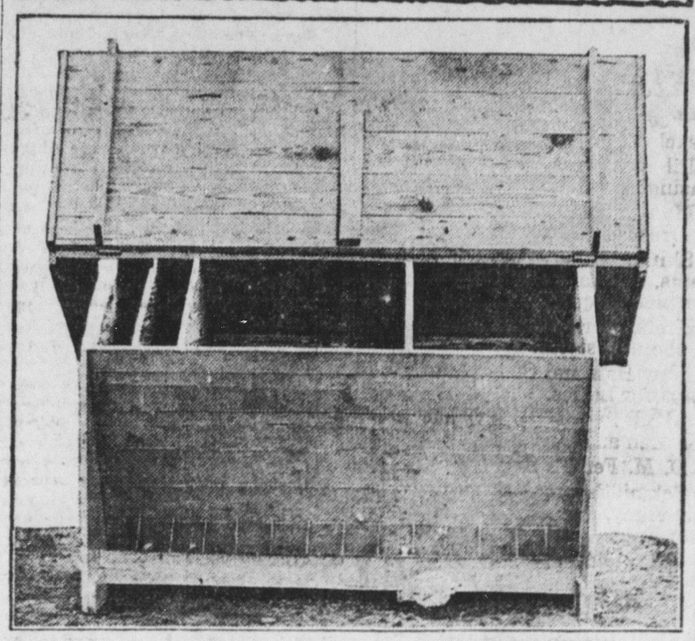
Dept. B. Philadelphia, Pa.

To cure costiveness the medicine must be more than a purgative; it must contain tonic, alterative and cathartic properties.

Tutt's Pills

possess these qualities, and speedily restore the bowels their natural peristaltic motion, essential to regularity.

DRY FEEDING BECOMING QUITE POPULAR



Ideal Type of Feed Hopper for Poultry on Range, With Lid Thrown Back Showing the Construction of Bins.

(By MICHAEL K. BOYER.)

Of late dry feeding is becoming quite popular, although it is not a new idea in the poultry ranks. Fully 25 years ago the matter was agitated and adopted by some poultrymen, but as a general thing it was not favorably received.

The argument used today in favor of dry mash and whole grain diets are: First, after fowls become used to it, they will prefer the ground grain dry to that which is either cooked or steamed; second, it is a labor-saving method; third, it keeps fowls in a more healthy condition; and fourth, better fertility to the eggs.

At first the fowls will not take very kindly to the dry feed. As meat scrap is mixed with it, they will pick out all such, then probably the corn meal, or some may prefer the bran, but all of it is seldom consumed until the fowls become accustomed to it.

Gradually they will eat more and more of it, finally cleaning up the trough.

Another benefit is that after eating a few mouthfuls they will repair to the drinking vessel and secure several swallows of water, then back again to the trough and so on during the entire meal.

It is claimed that more water is consumed by dry-fed fowls, and as water enters largely into the composition of eggs, increased egg-production should be the result.

The method is a great labor saver. It is possible to both feed and water the stock in the same time it takes to prepare the wet mash and feed it.

The writer prefers feeding the dry mash in troughs instead of hoppers, unless a hopper is used that will be proof against rats and mice. Such a hopper must be made of galvanized iron, and should be made to close at night and be opened in the morning.

If large enough to hold sufficient material for several days' feeding, still more labor can be saved.

There is also a decided advantage in the system from a health standpoint. There is not so much danger of overfat hens, and consequently there will be fewer soft-shelled and deformed or illshaped eggs.

There will be fewer cases of bowel troubles and less trouble with indigestion. Wet mash allowed to remain in troughs any length of time during the hot weather will sour, which is the cause of many cases of sickness.

For growing chicks it is recommended. They eat a few mouthfuls and then take a swallow of water and scamper off for a run. In a few moments they return and repeat the dose.

They never gorge themselves, and when they feel a little hungry a little food helps them out.

At night an extra allowance of food is placed in small boxes in their houses, so that the youngsters can help themselves at break of day. Nothing gives a chick a worse setback than pining for food.

But we like only the mash to be fed fowls in that way. The whole grain should be strewn along some light litter, like leaves or cut straw, so that the birds must scratch for all they get.

This exercise is needed.

The grain should be given at least an hour before the time for them to go to roost, so that ample time is given them to hunt. If thus fed in a scratching shed, the fowls will continue their search the next morning at break of day, and the attendant will find them hard at work when he comes around to give them their breakfast.

RIGHT FEED FOR BROOD SOW

Satisfactory Results Obtained at Wisconsin Station With Corn, Middlings and Alfalfa.

On farms where many kinds of grain are grown, there should be little or no difficulty in providing a suitable ration.

For several years mature brood sows in the Wisconsin experiment station herd have been fed rations composed of one-third corn, one-third wheat bran or alfalfa. Such feeds are satisfying and bulky, and at the same time sufficiently nutritious to cause the sows to gain from 50 to 75 pounds in live weight during pregnancy.

A mixture of equal parts, by weight, of the feeds mentioned, fed in the form of a thick slop, is always very satisfactory. This insures an equal proportion and distribution of the various feeds and is relished by the animals. The corn may be fed on the ear and the alfalfa need not be cut, and the rest of the ration should be given as a thick slop.

Brood sows, weighing from 300 to 350 pounds, usually can be kept on one of the above rations for about $1.50 a month.

If you live in a section where these can be grown, sugar beets or giant half sugar mangels may be used to form the bulky portion of the ration and to replace the bran.

The sugar beets or mangels can be cut up and fed raw or may be cooked and with middlings and other meal made into a thick slop.

Soy beans kept on the vine make excellent winter feed for swine. They can be stacked in or near the hog lot in the fall and fed out as needed. The hogs will get abundant exercise working over the pile of vines in search of the beans.

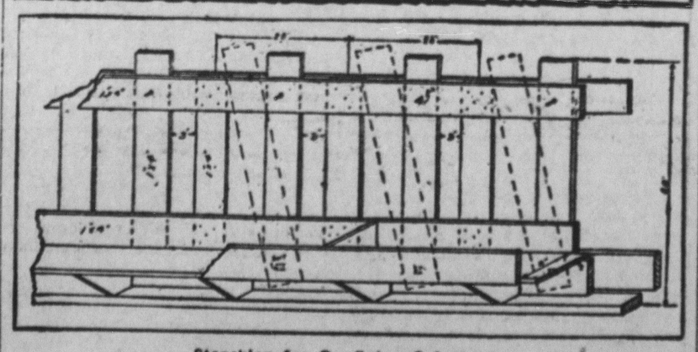
Dark Barns a Menace.

Well lighted horse or dairy stalls are even more imperative during the winter months than in the summer, since the absence of light lowers the temperature. Then, leading the animals forth into the glare of day after their long confinement in the gloomy stalls is liable to bring on defective eyesight, while the poorly lighted stalls also contribute to the advancement of almost every known ailment of live stock.

Sheep as Weed Destroyers.

Sheep will eat more than a hundred kinds of weeds that are unpalatable to cattle.

HANDLING AND FEEDING THE NEW CALVES



Stanchion for Confining Calves.

All calves when a few days old should be taught to drink milk, as this makes their handling less troublesome, and if a clean, warm stall equipped with stanchions for confining them while eating is provided, their feeding will be no more trouble than feeding pigs. The illustration shows how these stanchions are made. A circular on the subject of feeding calves can be obtained by writing to the dairydivision, bureau of animal industry, department of agriculture, Washington, D. C.

THE MARKETS

NEW YORK.—Wheat—Spot irregular; No. 2 red, 160½c, and No. 2 hard, 164½c all rail, c i f track, export; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 155½, and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, 164 c i f Buffalo, opening navigation.

Corn—Spot firm; No. 2 yellow, 83¾c c i f to arrive.

Hay—Firm; No. 1, $1.07½; No. 2, 95c; No. 3, 90; shipping, 80@85.

Butter—Creamery extras (92 score), 30½c; creamery (higher scoring), 31@31½; firsts, 28@30; seconds, 25@27½.

Eggs—Fresh gathered, extras, 22c; storage packed, extra firsts, 21@21¼; do, firsts, 20½@21; regular packed, extra firsts, 21; firsts, 19¾@20¾; nearby, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 22½@23; nearby, hennery whites.

Cheese—State, whole milk, fresh, specials, 15@15¼c; do, average fancy, 14¾.

Live Poultry — Steady; Western fowls, 16c; turkeys, 16@18. Dressed poultry firm; Western frozen roasting chickens, 17@21c; fresh fowls, 14@18; turkeys, 13@20.

PHILADELPHIA. — Wheat — Car lots, in export elevator, No. 2 red, spot, $1.52@1.54; No. 2 red Western, $1.59@1.61; round lots, in export elevator, No. 2 red, spot and April, $1.53½@1.58½; No. 2 red Western, $1.58½@1.63½; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.59½@1.64½.

Corn—Car lots for local trade, as to location, No. 2, yellow, 80@81c; steamer yellow, 78@79c; No. 3 yellow, 76@77c; No. 4 yellow, 74@75c; sample yellow, 59@73c; new cob, per seventy pounds, 77@78c; for car lots in export elevator, No. 2 spot and April, 75@76c; steamer, 73½@74½c; No. 3, 72½@73½c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 63½@64c; standard white, 62½@63c; No. 3 white, 61½@62c.

Butter — Western, fresh, solid-packed creamery, fancy, special, 33c; extra, 31c; extra firsts, 30c; firsts, 28@29c; seconds, 25@27c; ladle-packed, 20@22c; nearby prints, fancy, 34c; average extra, 33c; firsts, 29@31c; seconds, 26@28c; jobbing sales of fancy prints, 38@41c.

Eggs—Nearby, extra, 22c per dozen; firsts, $6.15 per standard case; nearby, current receipts, $6 per case; Western, extra firsts, $6.15 per case; do do, firsts, $6 per case; Southern, $5.40@5.70 per case; fancy, selected, candled and fresh eggs, jobbing at 23@25c; duck eggs, as to quality, 26@36c.

Cheese—New York, full cream, fall make, choice, 16¾@17c; do do, fair to good, 16@16½c; do do, current makes, 15½@16c; do do, part skims, 8@13c.

BALTIMORE—Wheat—No. 2 red spot and April, 155⅝c; May, 156⅜; No. 2 red Western spot and April, 158⅜.

Corn—Spot and April, 75½c; May, 77.

Oats—Standard white, 63@63⅜; No. 3 white, 62½@62⅝.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $19; No. 2 do, $18@18.50; No. 3 do, $15.50@17; light clover mixed, $18@18.50; No. 1 light clover mixed, $18; No. 2 do, $15.50@17; choice clover, $18@18.50; No. 1 clover, $17.50@18; No. 2 do, $15@16.50; No. 3 do, $11.50@14.

Straw—No. 1 straight rye, $11@11.50; No. 2 do, $10@10.50; No. 1 tangled rye, $10; No. 2 do, $8.50@9; No. 1 wheat, $8@8.50; No. 2 do, $7@7.50; No. 1 oat, $9.50@10; No. 2 do, $8@8.50.

Butter—Separator—Extras, 30@31; firsts, 23@29. Prints, ½ lb.—Extras, 31@32; firsts, 30@31. Prints, 1 lb.—Extras, 31@32; firsts, 30@31. Blocks, 2 lbs.—Extras, 30@31; firsts, 28@29. Dairy Prints, Maryland, Pennsylvania and Virginia—Extras, 20@21; firsts, 19@20. Iowa and N. W. ladle—Extras, 22@23; firsts, 21@22. Storepacked, firsts, 28; Maryland and Pennsylvania, rolls, 19@20; Ohio, rolls, 18@19; West Virginia, rolls, 18@19.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 19½c; Eastern Shore Maryland and Virginia, firsts, 19½; Western, Ohio, firsts, 19½; West Virginia, firsts, 19½; Southern, North Carolina, firsts, 18½; duck eggs, nearby, 22c. Recrated and rebandled eggs, ½@1c higher.

Live Poultry — Chickens, young, large, smooth, 18@20c; do, winter, 2 lbs and under, 23@25; do, rough and staggy, 14@15; do, old hens, 4 lbs and over, 15@15½; do, ligher fowl, 15@14½; do, old roosters and stags, 10@11. Ducks, muscovy and mongrel, 15; do, puddle, 3 lbs and over, 15; do, white Pekings, 15@16; do, Indian runners, 13@14; do, small poor, all kinds, 12@13. Pigeons, per pair, old, 25@30c; do, young, 25@30. Guinea fowl, young, each, over 1½ lbs, 35c; do, young, smaller, each, 25; do, old, each, 25.

Dressed Hogs — Choice Western Maryland and Pennsylvania lightweights, 8@8½c; choice medium weights, 7½@8; heavyweights, smooth, 6½@7; stags and sows, 5@6; heavy old boars and rough stock, 5.

Live Stock

PITTSBURGH, PA.—Cattle steady; choice, $8.25@8.40; prime, $7.90@8.20.

Sheep—Steady; prime wethers, $6.50@6.75; culls and common, $3@4.50; lambs, $6@8.85; veal calves, $11@11.50.

Hogs—Prime heavies, $7.35; mediums and heavy Yorkers, $7.70@7.75; light Yorkers, $7.65@7.70; pigs, $7.50@7.60; roughs, $6@6.50

LOW ROUND TRIP FARES TO CALIFORNIA'S EXPOSITIONS AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Low round trip fares are now in effect via the Scenic Highway of the Northern Pacific Ry. to California's Expositions via the North Pacific Coast. These tickets permit liberal stop-overs and enable the tourist to include both Expositions as well as a stop-over at Yellowstone National Park via Gardiner Gateway.

If you will advise when you will plan your western trip, I will be pleased to quote rates, send a copy of our handsome Expositions folder as well as Yellowstone National Park and travel literature, and assist you in any way possible in planning your 1915 vacation trip. A. M. Cleland, General Passenger Agent, 517 Northern Pacific Ry., St. Paul, Minnesota.—Adv.

Marital Diplomacy.

Plunger—I felt awfully sorry for a poor guy down at the exchange today. He lost five thousand on cotton and all the boys were guying him, and as he started off home they taunted him with the prediction that his wife would land on him roughly. The poor chap acted as though he felt pretty bad about it.

Mrs. Plunger (sympathetically)—Poor fellow! No doubt he used his best judgment, and if his wife turns on him because of his reverses she is not worthy to be called wife. But, who was the man?

Plunger—Why—er—it was me.—Woman's Home Companion.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

An Art Suspicion.

"True art does not think of money."

"No," replied the grand opera manager. "I'm expected to do the thinking. And sometimes I think brain work is as poorly paid in the art business as in another."

ELIXIR BABEK A GOOD TONIC And Drives Malaria Out of the System.

"Your 'Babek' acts like magic; I have given it to numerous people in my parish who were suffering with chills, malaria and fever. I recommend it to those who are sufferers and in need of a good tonic"—Rev. S. Szymanowski, St. Stephen's Church, Perth Amboy, N. J. **Elixir Babek,** 50 cents, all druggists or by Parcels Post, prepaid, from Kloczewski & Co., Washington, D. C.

The Bill Climbed.

"I suppose you climbed the Alps when you were abroad?"

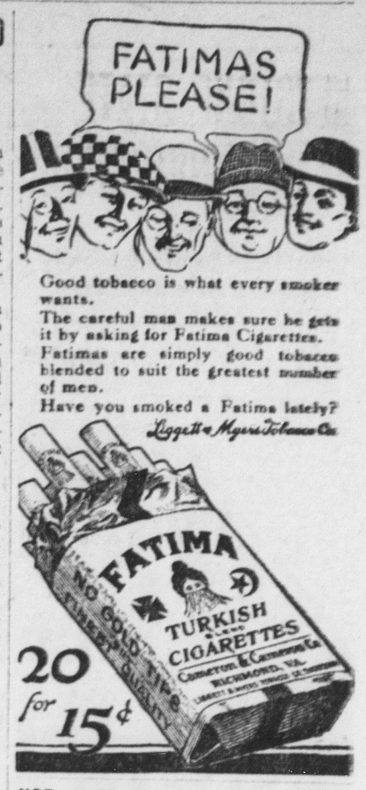
"No, just ran up a bill, that was all."

DON'T VISIT THE CALIFORNIA EXPOSITIONS Without a supply of Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the Shoes, or dissolved in the foot-bath. The Standard Remedy for the feet for 25 years. It gives instant relief to tired, aching feet and prevents swollen, hot feet. One lady writes: "I enjoyed every minute of my stay at the Expositions, thanks to Allen's Foot-Ease in my shoes." Get it TODAY Adv

Most of Us Are.

"Young man, are you the victim of habit?"

"Of habits, sir—other people's."—Boston Evening Transcript.



Good tobacco is what every smoker wants.
The careful man makes sure he gets it by asking for Fatima Cigarettes.
Fatimas are simply good tobacco blended to suit the greatest number of men.
Have you smoked a Fatima lately?
Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

USE OUR **SILO** and cut your feed bill in half.
Catalogue and information free. G. Ellas & Bro., Buffalo, N. Y. Liberal Terms to Live Agents.

Do You Want to farm in Florida and get rich, healthy and happy? If so, buy rich land from L. L. BARNHILL, Charlotte Harbor, Fla.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D.C. Advice and books free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

$10 TO $100 paid for Moving Picture Plays. We help you to write and sell them. Details free. Progressive Pub. Co., 20 Knickerbocker Bldg., Baltimore, Md.

LADIES!!
USE GILBERT'S
JEWEL TALCUM POWDER
The Talcum of Quality, for refined people; Perfume rich, lasting, and exquisite; Powder of velvety fineness.
In Glass Jars—15c. and 25c.
Sold by all dealers.
MADE BY
GILBERT BROS., & CO.
BALTIMORE, MD.

W. N. U., BALTIMORE, NO. 16-1915.

Unperturbed.

"That poem of yours about spring had some hard lines to scan. The feet were difficult to manage."

"Well, in spring you must expect to have hard lines and take extra care about your feet."

The wise man really looks brokenhearted when his wife goes for a two weeks' visit.

Wisconsin reports three cases of triplets this year.

The reasons for *Certain-teed* Roofing

Every buyer needs the proper assurance, when he pays for the best quality, that a second or third quality will not be delivered. The market is flooded with too many brands. Some manufacturers with poor facilities too often meet competition by cutting quality. Some wholesalers buy any old quality, put their labels on it, and say it is the best. Our *Certain-teed* label is backed by the written guarantee of the world's largest manufacturer of asphalt roofings. It gives each buyer the assurance wanted, and our unequalled facilities for manufacturing enable us to sell it at a very reasonable price.

These are the reasons for

Certain-teed Roofing

We invite every one interested to come to our mills and see how we make the goods. We know that our *Certain-teed* Roofing is the best quality that we can make. It's the best quality that can be made to last and remain waterproof on the roof. It is made with that one purpose in view. We also make cheap grade, poor quality roofings to meet the demand for very temporary roofs, but the *Certain-teed* label goes only on our best quality, longest life product. It is the grade which carries our Company name and endorsement and guarantee—**1-ply 5 years, 2-ply 10 years, 3-ply 15 years.**

If you want the right quality and want to be sure you are getting what you pay for, insist on the *Certain-teed* label. The price is reasonable. No one can tell the quality of a piece of roofing by looking at it. The man is not living who can take three kinds of roofing of different qualities and tell with any degree of accuracy the length of time each one will last on the roof. He cannot tell their relative values by looking at them. Why take the chance of guessing, when you can get the safest guarantee on the best quality goods at a reasonable price.

If for any reason you do not care for the highest quality—if you want a temporary roof, we also make goods sold at the lowest price on the market, because we have unequalled facilities and are making approximately a third of the entire asphalt roofing and building papers of the whole world's supply. Our facilities enable us to beat all competition on price goods as well as on *Certain-teed* quality.

The difference between the total cost of the goods the freight, the laying, etc., between quality goods and price goods is insignificant. It is much better policy to cut out the guessing and let the manufacturer of real responsibility insure you on all the vital points. He knows what he puts into the goods and what they will do—you can then insist upon getting everything as represented.

General Roofing Mfg. Co.
World's largest manufacturers of Roofing and Building Papers
New York City Boston Chicago Pittsburgh Philadelphia Atlanta Cleveland Detroit St. Louis Cincinnati Kansas City Minneapolis San Francisco Seattle London Hamburg Sydney

LET'S BOOST BUSINESS

Less Politics—More Prosperity

We have had enough starvation business—enough of political "cure-alls" of every party, with their smashing and busting—enough of politicians who promise economy and honesty in order to get into office and then practice unheard of extravagance and then play for votes or party rather than for principle and right, etc. The cost of living is not going down. Let's go after good times and make enough money to pay for the cost of a living, whatever it may be. We don't want cheap living—we want good business and good times for everybody and if we all pull together we will get them.

The game of the politician is to promise every thing. Many of them ought to be prosecuted for fraud on account of the difference between what they promise and what they deliver. They're worse than the business man who overadvertises the quality of his goods. Let the business interests, from the laborer to the superintendent, from the office boy to the president, from the hired man on the farm to the owner of the farm, remember that they have a common interest in good business and a square deal in business. Stop listening to the fakers and let's boost ourselves back into good times. It can be done. No more knockers and false prophets are wanted. We are going to be too busy to listen to any except those who promise "good business" legislation.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 1915

LOCALS

Theodore Brown of Lewistown is at the home of his brother, Edward Brown, and will remain for some time.

Surveyors for state road passed through Tusseyville last week and staked off the highway to State College.

Dr. E. A. Kent, on the Potter homestead, is suffering from paralysis of the throat. Mr. Kent is seventy five years of age.

George Nearhood purchased the Charles Norris property in State College recently and last week moved his family into it.

C. B. Hess has retired from the mercantile business at Baileyville after a long term of years. He is seventy-five years of age.

There'll be no circus and pink lemonade for the small boy, accompanied by his pa, this year, on account of the foot-and-mouth disease.

Miss Elsie Rearick spent Sunday at the home of her grandmother, Mrs. Mary Rearick. Miss Rearick is teaching a public school near Milroy.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Stahl and little son of Altoona are spending a few days at the home of Mr. Stahl's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James S. Stahl.

Mrs. Joshua Armstrong and children, Harry and Grace, spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. Armstrong's parents, Mr. and Mrs W. H. Runkle.

S. H. Knepley, who for a year or more has been in New York state, among relatives, returned to Centre Hall last week and will remain here permanently.

G. L. Goodhart is the commissioner from the Sinking Creek Presbyterisn charge to the Presbytery called to meet at Winburne, Clearfield county, on Monday. He went to the Clearfield town Monday.

When Roy M. Garbrick left his team stand in front of Kreamer's store while he made a purchase, on Tuesday, the animals started on a run uptown and turned down the Brush Valley road where they were stopped by 'Squire Brungart and John Rossman. No damage was done.

The famous male quartet of the Pennsylvania State College has started on its second annual trans-continental tour. Through the courtesy of the Santa Fe railroad, the collegians spent their Easter vacation, along with the musical director, Clarence C. Robinson, on the Pacific-coast.

J. A. Wagner, one of the rural mail carriers out of Spring Mills, slightly damaged his new Saxon car last week when the waste in his tool box took fire. He was fixing a puncture and lighted a match to locate an article in the tool box. The seat of the car was the only part damaged.

C. E Royer of Spring Mills was in town Friday meeting a number of Sunday-school workers for the purpose of preparing a program for the district Sunday-school convention, of which he is president. The convention will be held on the 30th of April in the Evangelical church at Egg Hill.

Among other signs of spring mentioned in an exchange is the fact that the behind-the-stove league have abandoned their quarters and come out as the whittler's brigade, a few shavings having been found out doors. Another sign is that the butter was soft enough to spread nicely last Saturday at the noon meal.

Two of the former liquor sellers of Perry county, who had to shut up their bars when the county went "dry" by recent order of the district court, have taken appeals to the superior court. In order that the no-license end of the cases may be properly presented in the higher court, the Perry County Times, published by William C. Lebo, is calling for a public subscription of fund.

New Law in Game Hunting.

Governor Brumbaugh signed the Crow bill authorizing the state game commission to prohibit the shooting of elk, deer, squirrels, wild turkeys, ruffed grouse, quail and pheasants in any county upon petition of 200 citizens of such county. A public hearing would be held on the question of the necessity for such closing. The closed season period shall be at the commission's discretion. Penalties for violation shall be:

For elk taken or wounded, $300; a deer, $200; a squirrel or a bird, $25.

"State" Ready for 800 Freshmen.

With the completion of five new buildings at the Pennsylvania State College during the last year, it is expected that the State institution will be able to accommodate 800 freshmen next fall. More than 240 applicants were rejected in September because of inadequate facilities for proper instruction. Cramped quarters in all departments necessitated immediate extension, and new buildings were erected for the schools of agriculture, liberal arts, engineering, and for the women's building. Other buildings are now under construction for the department of chemistry, and the school of mines. They are rapidly approaching completion.

Diehl-Dunlap Nuptials.

The following article appeared in the Mifflinburg Telegraph of April 9th, and treats of a marriage in which the bride is a Penns Valley young lady, and very popular among a host of friends.

"A very quiet but prettily arranged wedding was solemnized on Thursday evening of last week at the home of the officiating minister, the Rev. Ralph Smith, at Millmont, when S. William Diehl, of Mifflinburg, and Miss Blanche E. Dunlap of Spring Mills were joined in holy wedlock, in the presence of the parents of the bride, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Dunlap, and a few other friends.

Coming from Spring Mills by auto the happy party stopped enroute at Millmont at nine o'clock said evening, where the happy marriage was performed, as stated. Thence they came on to the pretty residence of the groom, Mr. Diehl, at Mifflinburg, where an informal reception was held. This home was recently remodeled, refurnished and fitted out complete with all modern conveniences, including beautiful furniture of all kinds, in fact every thing complete in a most fine and inviting manner for convenient and most pleasing housekeeping, that now graces one of the most prettily furnished homes of Mifflinburg.

The bride is the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Dunlap, a beautiful and talented young lady, one of Spring Mills' leading young ladies. The groom is one of Mifflinburg's leading young business men, whose straight forward business methods and hustling ability have made a great success in his business."

PENN HALL

Charles Bartholomew and family, Mrs. Henry Kreamer and Helen Bartholomew from Centre Hall spent Tuesday evening at the home of James Condo.

Mr. and Mrs. Gross Shook made a trip to John Detwiler's on Sunday.

Ralph Shook and daughter, Miriam, spent Sunday with his mother.

Clara Condo visited her parents over Sunday.

James Condo made a trip to Aaronsburg on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Gross Shook and the former's mother spent Wednesday evening with Mrs. Shook's brother, James Roush, who has been very sick with blood poison.

Ethel Long from Penns Cave visited her friend, Cora McCormick, last week.

Quite a number of people attended the play at Spring Mills on Saturday evening, given by the Reformed Sunday-school.

J. W. Whiteman is having the interior of his new home painted.

CENTRE MILLS

Mr. Stump of Spring Bank made a business trip to Centre Hall last week.

Mr. and Mrs John Yearick of Zion spent Sunday with the Reish family.

Miss Minnie Kline left for Baltimore Tuesday of this week, where she will be ordained for the ministry, which gives her the authority to perform all the duties of a pastor.

Elias Breon is putting up a lime stack.

Adam Reish and Fred Best expect to build silos this summer.

Earl Cummings of Centre Hall expects to work for Adam Reish this summer.

Roy Held was dynamiting stumps on the Rishel farm several days last week.

Mrs. Bigler Schaeffer spent several days at Bellefonte last week.

Miss Mable Musser of Rebersburg expects to live with Arthur Cumming's family this summer.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Kline visited friends at Boalsburg and Oak Hall over Sunday.

IF you want to buy or sell property in or near Centre Hall consult Chas. D. Bartholomew, before acting.

I have several fine offerings now on my list.

Chas. D. Bartholomew
CENTRE HALL, PA.

PLUMBING

Fixtures of all kinds.

WATER PIPES

Repair work of all kinds done at reasonable price.

Stock not on hand will be ordered promptly.

W. F. FLORAY

FOR SALE—Yellow Dent Seed Corn, of the best variety grown in Central Pennsylvania; all seed will be tested before sold, if desired. Also, double re-cleaned Clover Seed. Apply of W. F COLYER, Centre Hall, Pa. 12tf.

New Spring Goods
For Spring Sewing.

Sheeting, 9-4 wide, bleached and unbleached.

Pillow Tubing and Pillow Casing, 42 in. wide.

Many styles and weaves in Dress Goods.

Shirtings, Percales, Ginghams, Old-fashion Calicoes for piecing quilts.

Embroideries and Laces in the new styles.

New Hats and Caps, Auto Caps for Ladies.

A full line of Work Shirts for Men and Boys.

D. M. Ferry's Seeds.

Schmidt's Bread Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday mornings—All Wrapped.

Come and See.

H. F. Rossman
SPRING MILLS, PA.

Centre Hall Bakery

CHAS. PENNINGTON, Proprietor

BREAD
PIES
CAKES
ROLLS
—Always Fresh

Ice Cream Parlor in connection.

Cream served every day during week.

Quick Lunch served.

Implements of Quality

Implements which embody the best features to be found in any line of farm machinery are always worthy of thoughtful consideration on part of the farmer.

We desire to call your particular attention to the

Imperial Cultivator

with balance frame and pivot axle, and the

Imperial 2-Way Gang Plow

Superior Grain Drills and Corn Planters
—the name tells a true story.

Plymouth Binder Twine
—the kind that is always good.

Myers Pumps, Hay Tools & Door Hangers
—the kind you take your hat off to.

Bucher and Gibbs Tillage Implements
—Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Land Rollers, etc.

Best of Anthracite and Bituminous Coal
—always in stock.

Alpha Portland Cement
—the high water mark of quality.

CARLOAD OF BAUGH & SONS CO. FERTILIZERS IN STOCK

RYDE'S CREAM CALF MEAL
TRY A SACK AND WATCH RESULTS

R. D. FOREMAN
CENTRE HALL, PA.

NEW SPRING ARRIVALS

AT ODENKIRK'S STORE

SHOES

Shoes for Ladies, Boys and Children, in Patent Leather

Ladies' Oxfords in Gun Metal and Velvet

Children's Oxfords in Gun Metal and Tan

Boy Scouts—the kind that wear like buckskin—in Tan and Black.

ALL SHOES AT RIGHT PRICES

DRESS GOODS

Lace Cloth	25c yd.
Voiles	25c and 50c yd.
Queen Tissues	15c yd.
Crepes	15c yd.
Silkette	25c yd.
Silk Chiffon and Chico Silk	25c yd.
Summer Silks in Blue and Black Stripes	50c yd.

Trimmings for all dress materials

STRAW HATS

Dress Hats for Children; Dress and Everyday Hats for Men.

W. A. ODENKIRK, Centre Hall

BUY WHERE YOU CAN SEE THE GOODS--at GOODHART'S
Don't run the risk of being dissatisfied through mail order purchasing.

You'll Want New Furniture This Spring.

We anticipated a big demand for furniture for all parts of the house this spring and we have prepared to suit all tastes with the best and most complete line of first-class goods. Our store is full from beginning to end and you are invited to give us a call and make your selection.

BEDROOM SUITS, PARLOR FURNITURE, KITCHEN CABINETS, BUFFETS, DAVENPORTS, IRON and BRASS BEDS, HALL CLOCKS, LIBRARY TABLES, and an endless array of CHAIRS, ROCKERS and other furniture.

You Can Do Best Here in Carpet.

Many pretty patterns in Brussels and Ingrain Carpets. Standard Rugs, in beautiful designs. Compare our prices with others selling same quality and you will see that we save you money.

PAINT AND LINSEED OIL.

Don't forget that we have a big line of the well-known Sherwin-Williams Paints—the kind that gives good service at low cost. If you intend "painting up" this spring consult us first about the material.

F. V. GOODHART
CENTRE HALL

Open all the time — Bell 'phone

The Centre Reporter, $1.50 a year.